TEACHING AND EXAMINATION REGULATIONS 2017-2018

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Throughout this text, the male pronoun is used to cover references to both male and female for the sake of brevity and convenience. No gender preference is intended.

The faculty additions of the faculty of Economic and Social Sciences & Solvay Business School are indicated in red.

CONTENTS

TITLE I. - Scope, definitions, abbreviations and general provisions ........................................ 3
  Chapter I. - Scope ............................................................................................................. 3
  Chapter II. - Abbreviations and definitions ................................................................. 3
  Chapter III: - General provisions .................................................................................. 10

TITLE II. - Teaching regulations ......................................................................................... 11
  Chapter I. - Composition of the academic year ........................................................... 11
  Chapter II. - Rules concerning the setting-up of programmes ...................................... 12
  Chapter III. - Entry requirements .................................................................................. 18
  Chapter IV. - Study contracts and other enrolment regulations ................................... 28
  Chapter V. - Set-up of the student’s yearly programme ................................................. 40
  Chapter VI. Teaching evaluation .................................................................................... 49

TITLE III. – Examination regulations ................................................................................. 52
  Chapter I. - Organisation of examinations ..................................................................... 52
  Chapter II. - Equal opportunities ................................................................................... 55
  Chapter III. - Taking examinations ................................................................................ 56
  Chapter IV. - Examination proceedings ......................................................................... 57
  Chapter V. – Master’s thesis .......................................................................................... 63
  Chapter VI. - Examination board .................................................................................... 68
  Chapter VII. Proceedings at deliberations and study progress based on examinations ......... 70
  Chapter VIII. – Awarding a degree or a diploma ................................................................ 72

Teaching and Examination Regulations, approved by the Academic Council of 19 June 2017.
TITLE I. - Scope, definitions, abbreviations and general provisions

Chapter I. - Scope

Article 1 (Scope)

These teaching and examination regulations apply to all bachelor’s programmes, master’s programmes (master-after-bachelor and advanced master’s programmes), preparatory programmes, bridging programmes, postgraduate programmes and the teacher education programme organised at Vrije Universiteit Brussel.

For doctoral programmes and the attainment of a PhD, specific regulations, approved by the Academic Council, apply.

For inter-university programmes, provisions other than those set out in these regulations may apply, provided they do not violate the relevant decrees.

Chapter II. - Abbreviations and definitions

Article 2 (Abbreviations)

For the purpose of these regulations, the following abbreviations are used (some are derived from Dutch, so do not necessarily match the English explanation given):

**ACTO**: Academic Language Centre;

**BEV**: Paid educational leave;

**BTC**: Belgian Technical Cooperation Agency;

**DGD**: Directorate General for Development Cooperation;

**DHO**: Higher Education Database;

**EEA**: European Economic Area;

**EVC**: Previously Acquired Competencies;

**EVK**: Previously Acquired Qualifications;

**IDLO**: Interfaculty Department for Teacher Training;

**IES**: Institute for European Studies;

**IRMN**: International Relations and Mobility Office;

**MNM**: Advanced master’s programme;

**OVR**: Leave of absence for training purposes;

**OWSA**: Education and Student Administration;

**SBC**: Study Guidance;

Teaching and Examination Regulations, approved by the Academic Council of 19 June 2017.
Teaching and Examination Regulations, approved by the Academic Council of 19 June 2017.

VLIR: Flemish Interuniversity Council;
WPO: Tutorials, practical work and exercises.

Article 3 (Definitions)
For the application of these regulations, the following definitions shall apply:

Start of lectures: start of week 2 of the academic calendar.

Supplementary Faculty Teaching and Examination Regulations: a set of regulations drawn up by the faculty in question specifying additions to the central Teaching and Examination Regulations. For the teacher training programme a supplementary Teaching and Examination Regulations document can be made; for programmes organised by the Institute for European Studies (IES), it is the Supplementary IES Teaching and Examination Regulations document that is used.

Academic year: a one-year period starting on 1 September at the earliest and 1 October at the latest, and ending on the day before the start of the following academic year; in exceptional circumstances, the governing body may decide to deviate from the one-year period by declaring an earlier or later start to the academic year.

Aptitude inquiry: the inquiry into a student’s competencies prior to issuing an aptitude certificate.

Scholarship students:
• Students entitled to a Flemish Government educational grant.
• Students not entitled to the Flemish Government educational grant because they do not meet the study criteria but who do meet the financial criteria and nationality criteria mentioned in Art. I.1, point 14, b or c of the Higher Education Code. This does not apply to advanced postgraduate courses or continuing academic education;
• Bursaries related to a Master Mind Scholarship – fellowship Programme for Excellent Students of the Flemish Government.

Certificate of aptitude: proof or record showing that a student has acquired particular competencies as part of “EVC” (Previously Acquired Competencies) or “EVK” (Previously Acquired Qualifications).

Almost-scholarship students
• Students meeting the nationality criteria mentioned in Art. I.1, point 14, b or c of the Higher Education Code who are not entitled to a Flemish Government educational grant but where the reference income does not exceed the ceiling for eligibility for an educational grant by more than EUR 3,040 (amount for the 2016-2017 academic year).
• Students meeting the nationality criteria mentioned in Art. I.1, point 14, b or c of the Higher Education Code who are not entitled to a Flemish Government educational grant because their “cadastral income” (i.e. the hypothetical rental value of property as listed in the property
register for tax purposes, specific to Belgium) constitutes too great a proportion of their total taxable income.

**Pre-exam study week:** the period preceding the examination period which is kept free of lectures and examinations or other methods of assessment. This period is reserved for students to prepare for examinations.

**BRUFACE-masters** (Brussels Faculty of Engineering-masters):
English language master’s programmes jointly organised by Vrije Universiteit Brussel (VUB) and Université Libre de Bruxelles (ULB) and Dutch language variations of these master’s programmes organised by Vrije Universiteit Brussel:

- Master of Science in Architectural Engineering;
- Master of Science in de ingenieurswetenschappen: architectuur;
- Master of Science in Civil Engineering;
- Master of Science in de ingenieurswetenschappen: bouwkunde;
- Master of Science in Electromechanical Engineering;
- Master of Science in de ingenieurswetenschappen: werktuigkunde-elektrotechniek;
- Master of Science in Chemical and Materials Engineering;
- Master of Science in de ingenieurswetenschappen: chemie en materialen;
- Master of Science in Electrical Engineering;
- Master of Science in de ingenieurswetenschappen: elektronica en informatietechnologie.

**Cali (Campus Lifecycle):** the student information system.

**Credit certificate:** formal recognition of the fact that a student has shown, by passing an examination, that he has acquired the competencies associated with a particular programme unit. This recognition is set out in a document or a record and expressed in the number of ECTS-credits acquired.

**Credit contract:** a contract entered into by a student with the university where the student enrolls with a view to acquiring a credit certificate for one or more programme units.

**Diploma contract:** a contract entered into by a student with the university where the student enrolls with a view to obtaining a degree or diploma for a study programme or where he enrolls in a preparatory or bridging programme.

**ECTS-credit:** an international unit, recognised within the Flemish Community, which corresponds to no less than 25 and no more than 30 hours of regulatory teaching, learning and assessment activities and which indicates the study load of every programme and programme unit.

**First examination period:** this consists of a first set of examinations (weeks 18 to 20) and a second set of examinations (weeks 39 to 42) during which the student uses his first, and in some cases
only, examination opportunity. The first examination period is concluded with a deliberation and electronic communication of the results.

**Previously acquired competencies (Eerder Verworven Competenties – EVC):** the total sum of knowledge, understanding, skills and attitudes acquired through learning processes not attested by a study certificate.

**Previously acquired qualifications (Eerder Verworven Kwalificaties – EVK):** any study certificate from a domestic or foreign institution, excluding certificates confirming ECTS-credits acquired at the institution and as part of the programme where the attested qualification is to be used.

**Exam, Examination:** any assessment of the degree to which a student has acquired, as a result of his studies, the competencies associated with a particular programme unit.

**Exam contract:** a contract entered into by a student with the university where the student has enrolled for exams (under the conditions determined by the university). These conditions are the same for a diploma contract and a credit contract) with a view to acquiring:
   a) a degree or diploma; or,
   b) a credit certificate for one or more programme units.

**Examination period:** the period in which examinations and/or preliminary examinations are taken.

**Examinations schedule:** the document in which the time and place of examination is determined for every student within a certain examination period.

**Degree:** designation as a Bachelor, Master or Doctor, granted at the end of a study programme or after graduation with the presentation of a diploma.

**Individual study path:** a study programme for an individual student governed by specific conditions regarding study load, deliberation and study progress monitoring.

**Full-year course unit:** a programme unit spanning two semesters. Examinations for full-year programme units (with the exception of preliminary examinations) are held in the examination period following the second semester.

**Prospective student:** anyone who wishes to enrol at the Vrije Universiteit Brussel.

**Qualification:** a certificate or diploma issued upon successful completion of a formal educational training path or study path.

**Qualification of a degree:** addition referring to the programme completed or, in the case of a doctorate, a specialisation.

Teaching and Examination Regulations, approved by the Academic Council of 19 June 2017.
Study account: the total number of ECTS-credits that a student may use during his studies, either towards enrolment under a diploma contract in an initial bachelor’s or master’s programme or towards enrolment for a programme unit under credit contract. A student’s study account changes depending on the number of ECTS-credits enrolled for and obtained.

Study outcomes: they determine what a student is expected to know, understand, and do upon completion of a study path and the way in which this can be shown.

Lecture-free week: a period in which no examinations, lectures or other educational activities take place, except for induction and preparatory activities and qualification tests during the first lecture-free week of the first term.

Master’s thesis: a final paper completing a master’s programme which constitutes proof of the student’s capacity for analytical and synthetic work, independent problem-solving skills at an academic level, or artistic creation. This paper reflects the student’s general capacity for critical reflection or research.

Standard study path: a study programme, approved by the Education Council, for a specific educational training programme, governed by general conditions regarding study load, deliberation and study progress monitoring.

Education and Student Administration (hereafter OWSA): central service under the responsibility of the Vice-Rector Education – and Student administration which manages all administrative aspects of all students during the entire study path.

Study programme: a structuring unit of the education provided. Upon successful completion of a study programme, a diploma or a postgraduate certificate is awarded.

Programme description: a description of a study programme, in which the formal details and content of the programme are set-out, before the start of the academic year, in accordance with article 14 of these regulations.

Programme unit (= course unit): a predetermined set of educational, study and evaluation activities designed for the acquisition of specific competences relating to knowledge, understanding, skills and attitudes.

Course unit description: a description of a programme unit drawn up before the start of the enrolment period, providing the formal details and content set out in article 15 of these regulations. The course unit description is submitted to the proper faculty body for approval.

Permanent education: a shorter study path developed by the university itself or collectively agreed upon, in the framework of supplementary education.

Teaching and Examination Regulations, approved by the Academic Council of 19 June 2017.
**Post graduate**: a study path consisting of 20 or more ECTS-credits in the framework of supplementary professional education, aimed at widening or improving the competences acquired when finishing a bachelor or master education.

**Reflex students**: students who are eligible to be considered for some reasonable flexible arrangements. This includes, but is not limited to, working students, top tier sports students, students with a disability (with a sensory or physical disability, with a (chronic) medical condition, with psychological/psychiatric problems and learning difficulties), students appointed as student representatives with the VUB and students who find themselves in a specific situation, as determined by the Study Guidance (*Studiebegeleiding - SBC*).

**Bridging programme**: a programme that can be made compulsory for a student who wishes to enrol in a master's programme on the basis of a Bachelor’s degree from higher vocational education. The programme aims to provide the general scientific competencies and basic knowledge of scientific discipline, referred to in article II.141(2)(2) of the Higher Education Code.

**Student SelfService**: the portal where students can consult and manage their study activities, finances and personal data and where they can consult their study outcomes.

**Semester-specific course unit**: a programme unit spanning one semester. Examinations in semester-specific programme units are held in the examination period following the semester in which the programme unit was taught.


**Students with a disability**: students with long-term physical, mental or sensory disabilities which may - in interaction with various barriers - hinder their full and effective participation in higher education on equal terms with other students.

**Study Guidance (SGC)**: a central service falling under the aegis of the Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs which provides study guidance to all students throughout their entire study path; in conjunction with the programmes and faculties, staff (study advisers, student psychologists, study path counsellors) try to provide a broad range of guidance services with a view to increasing the student’s chances of success in light of their individual needs.

**Study certificate**: a document indicating that a formal study path, within an educational framework or otherwise, has been successfully completed.

**Study contract**: contract entered into by the student with the university where a particular objective (degree, credit or examination contract) and a particular study path (standard or individualised) are agreed upon;
Teaching and Examination Regulations, approved by the Academic Council of 19 June 2017.

**Tuition fee**: the fee payable by the student for participation in education activities and/or examinations.

**Study load**: the number of ECTS-credits allocated to a programme unit or for a study programme.

**Study path**: the way in which the student can participate in the programme.

**Preliminary examination**: written examination of part of the subject matter of a full year-programme unit in the first year of a bachelor’s programme, taken in the first set of examinations of the examination period.

**Enrolment agreement**: a contract between the university’s governing body and the student where the latter agrees to the general terms and conditions as set out in the Teaching and Examination Regulations document.

**Second examination period**: this consists of one examination period (weeks 49 to 52) during which the student uses his second examination opportunity, if it exists. The second examination period is concluded by deliberations and electronic communication of the results.

**Sequence-rules**: the rules drawn up by the university governing body, stating that a student must have attended or successfully completed a programme unit or a programme, before being allowed to take an examination in another programme unit or programme.

**Full-time study path**: a study path which enables students to complete a programme of study with a minimum of 54 ECTS-credits and a maximum of 66 ECTS-credits per academic year.

**Preparatory programme**: a programme that may be made compulsory for a candidate student with an academic education who does not have a degree giving direct access to the programme he wishes to enrol for.

**Exemption**: removal of the obligation to sit an examination in a programme unit or a part thereof.

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**Additional faculty regulations by Article 3**


Teaching and Examination Regulations, approved by the Academic Council of 19 June 2017.
**Chapter III: - General provisions**

**Article 4**  (Definitive time limits and indicative time limits)

The following rule applies to the application of these regulations with respect to time limits: the periods within which students must complete a specific action shall be deemed to be definitive deadlines, unless otherwise specified.

**Article 5**  (Detailed rules on teaching activities)

§1 Producing audio-visual recordings of teaching activities (including continuous assessment activities) and projected teaching materials without the consent of the lecturer is prohibited and is deemed to be a disruption of teaching activities, unless a specific arrangement is made with the lecturer concerned. Students must then indicate clearly what, how, when and for what purpose they will be recording. The recorded materials may not be used for any purpose other than for which consent was granted by the lecturer. If a student records teaching activities in breach of these provisions, the recording must be destroyed upon first request.

§2 The Vrije Universiteit Brussel reserves the right to record classes for the purpose of distance learning, etc., and to make these recordings available to the students and teaching staff involved, for educational purposes, through the electronic learning environment. When students participate in these classes, they automatically give permission to appear in these recordings for distribution through the electronic learning platform. The teacher will inform the students that the class will be recorded at the beginning of such classes.

§3 Under no circumstances may students reproduce or disseminate study or examination material (exercises, slides, exam questions) with a for-profit aim, without the explicit prior consent of the owner. A student who would nevertheless do so, in person or through a third party, may be sanctioned in accordance with the provisions of the Disciplinary Policy for Students of the VUB.
TITLE II. - Teaching regulations

Chapter I. - Composition of the academic year

Article 6 (Composition of the academic year)

§1. The academic year is divided into two semesters, followed by summer holidays and the second examination period:
- Week 1: lecture-free week
- Weeks 2-14: lecture weeks
- Weeks 15-16: winter break (see further)
- Week 17: pre-examination study week
- Weeks 18-20: first examination period: first set of examinations
- Week 21: lecture-free week
- Weeks 22-36: lecture weeks including 2 weeks spring break
- Weeks 37-38: two pre-examination study weeks

Maximum 50% of each pre-examination period can be allocated to oral examinations, meaning that:
- \( \frac{1}{2} \) week (2nd half of the pre-examination period (week 17) after the winter break;
- 1 week (the 2nd pre-examination week) of the pre-examination period (week 37-38) preceding the second part of the first examination period.

Faculties will reserve alternative time slots during the exam period for those students who prefer not to participate in oral examinations during the pre-examination period.

- Weeks 39-42: first examination period: second set of examinations and deliberation period (a minimum of 3 weeks is reserved for examinations)
- End of the examination period for all faculties
- Weeks 43-48: summer holidays
- Weeks 49-52: second examination period and period for deliberation, (a minimum of 3 weeks is reserved for examinations)

Additional faculty regulations by Article 6§1

Week 21 also includes the deliberation of students in an academic year who meet the conditions specified in Article 132.

The postgraduate programmes of the Brussels Diplomatic Academy begin in the week of September 1st.

§2. The academic calendar is determined annually by the Academic Council before the start of the academic year and by 1 November at the latest.

§3. Deviations from the academic calendar may be granted by the Academic Council upon reasoned request from the faculty and after advice from the Education Council.
Additional faculty regulations by Article 6§3

For organizational reasons, both oral and written exams can be scheduled in the second half of the week prior to each examination period. Depending on the examination alternative slots may or may not be provided.

For the 2nd semester courses of the master’s programme in Bedrijfskunde and the master’s programme in Management, there is an additional examination period for the first examination session. This takes place during the two weeks after the spring holiday.

Chapter II. - Rules concerning the setting-up of programmes

Section 1: Structure of the programmes

Article 7 (VUB programmes)

§1. The Vrije Universiteit Brussel offers the following programmes:
- academic bachelor’s programmes;
- initial master’s programmes;
- advanced master’s programme;
- postgraduate programmes;
- continuing education;
- bridging and preparatory programmes;
- the teacher training programme;
- doctoral programmes;
- PhDs.

§2. Apart from continuing education, the programme is determined and announced before the start of the enrolment period.

Article 8 (Bachelor’s programme)

A bachelor’s programme has a study load of no less than 180 ECTS-credits. The study load is always a multiple of 60 ECTS-credits.

Article 9 (Master’s programme and advanced master’s programme)

A master’s programme and an advanced master’s programme have a study load of no less than 60 ECTS-credits. The study load is always a multiple of 30 ECTS-credits.

Article 10 (Postgraduate programmes and continuing education)

A postgraduate programme has a study load of at least 20 ECTS-credits. If the student successfully completes the postgraduate programme, he receives a postgraduate certificate.

Teaching and Examination Regulations, approved by the Academic Council of 19 June 2017.
No minimum study load is set for continuing education. Consequently, there is no obligation to express the study load of continuing education in ECTS-credits. Depending on the nature of the continued education, this programme leads to a certificate or an attestation of participation.

Article 11  (Bridging programme)

Holders of a profession-oriented bachelor’s degree can go on to a master’s programme if they enrol for a bridging programme first. This programme aims to teach general scientific competencies and basic scientific-disciplinary knowledge. A bridging programme has a study load of minimum 45 ECTS-credits and maximum 90 ECTS-credits. Depending on the student’s prior education, the study load may be reduced.

Article 12  (Preparatory programme)

Holders of an academic bachelor’s degree who are not eligible for direct access to a given master’s programme may still be admitted, provided they take and pass a preparatory programme. Depending on the student’s prior education, the study load may be reduced.

Article 13  (Teacher training programme)

The teacher training programme leads to a teacher’s degree. The programme contains both a theoretical and a practical component of 30 ECTS-credits each. In a master’s programme of 120 ECTS-credits, 30 ECTS-credits of the teacher training programme can be taken up. In a bachelor’s programme preceding an initial master’s programme, 15 ECTS-credits of the teacher training programme can be taken up, if the programme allows for this.

Section 2: Programme and programme unit

Article 14  (Programme description)

§1. A programme description is drawn up for each programme and includes at least the following information:
   1. Degree, qualification and specialisation of the programme;
   2. Study load expressed in ECTS-credits;
   3. Possible graduation options, profiles and minors;
   4. The programme’s language of instruction;
   5. Content and objectives of the programme, educational training programme, subdivision into programme units;
   6. Sequence-rules of the programme units and descriptions of how the studies will progress;
   7. Entrance competencies and study outcomes;
   8. Organisation of the standard study path and/or individualised study path;
   9. If applicable, organisation of a specific educational training path for working students;

§2. The programme description shall be made in Dutch and English.

Teaching and Examination Regulations, approved by the Academic Council of 19 June 2017.
§3. For the programmes leading to the professions of physician, general practitioner, pharmacist, and architect, the educational training programme shall comply with the requirements of European Directive 2005/36/EC. The fact that they comply with the European Directive shall be specified in the teaching regulations.

Article 15  (Course unit description)
§1. A course unit description is set-out for each programme unit, which includes at least the following information:

1. Code, responsible faculty and department;
2. Title of the programme unit;
3. Type of programme(s) to which the programme unit primarily belongs;
4. Language of instruction;
5. Semester during which the programme unit is organised or indication that the programme unit spans the entire year;
6. Study load of the programme unit expressed in ECTS-credits;
7. Enrolment requirements, including pre- and co-requisites;
8. Teaching methods associated with the programme unit;
9. The lecturer (responsible) and other teaching staff;
10. The specific organisation of the programme unit that is organised for working students;
11. Indication whether it is possible to enrol with an examination contract and, if so, any specific requirements that are to be met by these students;
12. Study outcomes;
13. Programme unit contents;
14. Examinations: examination method, the way in which the result is determined, an indication of whether or not a second examination opportunity is possible;
15. Programme materials;
16. Any additional costs related to the course.

§2. If a work placement, bachelor’s thesis or master’s thesis does not qualify for the purposes of a credit contract, this will be indicated on the course unit description, together with the reasons for this.

§3. The programme description shall be made in Dutch and English. If the programme unit concerns the study of a foreign language, the key provisions of the course unit description shall always be formulated in Dutch.
Article 16  (Study load and study time of the programme unit)

The study load for each programme unit is expressed in full ECTS-credits. The study load of a programme unit equates to at least 3 ECTS-credits. One ECTS-credit corresponds to 25 to 30 hours of teaching and study activities or study time.

Article 17  (Guidelines on curriculum composition)

Educational training programmes are made in accordance with the guidelines on curriculum composition.

Section 3: Principles concerning language of instruction

Article 18  (Principle of language of administration and language of instruction)

The language of administration and the language of instruction at the Vrije Universiteit Brussel are Dutch. The principle that the language of instruction is always Dutch may be deviated from in accordance with article 19.

Article 19  (Programme units in another language without a reasoned request)

In the initial bachelor’s and master’s programmes for which Dutch is the language of instruction, a different language may be used for the following programme units:

1. programme units of which the subject is a foreign language and which are taught in that language;
2. programme units taught by guest lecturers and visiting professors with a different mother tongue;
3. programme units which are, at the initiative of the student, attended at another higher education institution, with the approval of the university governing body;
4. programme units which can be shown to have added value for the student and the labour market and to enhance the functionality of the programme.

Students have the right to take the examination in Dutch, except in case of programme units of which the subject is a foreign language or if the student attends the programme units at another higher education institution.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 19

Students who wish to make use of the right to take the examination in Dutch, must report this in accordance with the procedure described on the faculty MY.VUB website and at the latest on the following dates:

- First examination period, first session: December 1st
- Additional examination period, first session: March 15th
- Second examination period, first session: May 1st
- Second session: July 15th

Teaching and Examination Regulations, approved by the Academic Council of 19 June 2017.
Article 20  (Percentage of programme units in another language)

§1. The faculty can ask the Education Council to organise programme units other than those set out in article 19 in a language of instruction other than Dutch, if it demonstrates that this represents added value for the student and enhances the functionality of the programme. For bachelor’s programmes, the organisation of programme units in other languages is limited to 18.33% of the programme study load. For the calculation of this percentage, programme units regarding the study of a foreign language and programme units attended at another higher education institute are ignored.

§2. For master’s programmes, the organisation of programme units in other languages is limited to 50% of the programme study load. For the calculation of this percentage, programme units regarding the study of a foreign language and programme units attended at another higher education institute are ignored. The master’s thesis and work placements/internships are considered to be Dutch programme units.

Article 21  (Programmes organised in their entirety in another language of instruction)

§1. Initial bachelor’s and master’s programmes may be given in their entirety in a language other than Dutch when the programme is specifically designed for foreign students or if it can be adequately shown that it would provide added value for students and the related labour market and for the functionality of the programme, and also provided that a full educational training path in Dutch is provided within the Flemish community.

§2. Institutions within the Flemish Community may jointly offer an equivalent in Dutch to the foreign-language initial bachelor’s and master’s programme. The students must take all programme units of this jointly organised equivalent bachelor’s or master’s programme in Dutch at a single facility.

§3. By way of exception from article 21 §1, the requirement to set up a Dutch-language equivalent lapses if:
  - it concerns a programme for which the Flemish Government has already granted an exemption from the equivalence criterion;
  - it concerns a programme which has the status of an International Course Programme (ICP) or which has been selected in accordance with the provisions of a European programme to foster international cooperation in higher education, and for which multiple or joint degree diplomas are issued;
  - the foreign language initial bachelor’s or master’s programme is organised jointly with an institution outside of the Flemish Community and is endorsed by a joint diploma, provided that the expertise required for the programme units organised outside the Flemish Community is not available within the Flemish Community.

§4. The examinations are held in the language of instruction.
Article 22  (Advanced master’s programmes, postgraduate programmes and permanent education)

For advanced master’s programmes, postgraduate programmes, and continuing education, the language of instruction may be determined freely. If the language of instruction is not Dutch, there is no obligation to organise an equivalent in Dutch. Examinations are taken in the language of instruction of the programme or in the language of instruction of the programme unit if the latter differs from the language of instruction of the programme.

Article 23  (Language coaching arrangements)

§1. Students who follow a foreign language initial bachelor’s or master’s programme or an initial bachelor’s or master’s programme with foreign language programme units, may test their knowledge of this foreign language. More information concerning the language tests organised at the VUB are available here: http://my.vub.ac.be/acto.

§2. The institution’s educational training programme includes specific measures in initial bachelor’s and master’s programmes with foreign language programme units or initial bachelor’s and master’s programmes taught in a foreign language. These language coaching arrangements may consist of:

1. language teaching programme units (including language programme units) offered as part of the package of core programme units or an essential elective course unit;
2. language coaching arrangements incorporated into foreign language programme units. These language coaching arrangements provide proactive coaching for students and must therefore be easily identified by students in the programme unit.

§3. The requirement in § 2 above may be departed from in the case of:

1. a connecting master’s programme of which the preceding bachelor’s programme included language coaching arrangements;
2. a postgraduate programme not following on immediately from an undergraduate programme but with bridging and preparatory programmes which included language coaching arrangements.

§4. The institution provides access to a need-satisfying range of free language courses for Dutch and other languages as well as language coaching arrangements.
Chapter III. - Entry requirements

Section 1: General

Article 24 (Conditions for enrolment in programmes and programme units)

§1. The following entry requirements are applicable for enrolment in degree programmes, bridging programmes, and preparatory programmes, as well as enrolment in programme units. They apply without prejudice to the specific conditions that may additionally be required and which will be stated in the programme and course unit description for each degree programme, bridging programme, and preparatory programme.

§2. A prospective student who wishes to enrol for a programme by means of a diploma contract and who enrols for the first time for the programme concerned at the VUB, must do so by using the online application website.

§3. A prospective student who wishes to enrol under a credit contract for programme units for which he does not meet the entry requirements, should submit a reasoned request to the Dean, who will decide whether the prospective student possesses the relevant competencies.

§4. A prospective student who wishes to enrol under an examination contract with a view to obtaining ECTS-credits, should submit a reasoned request to the Dean.

§5. An enrolment which conflicts with the study progress monitoring measures taken for a prospective student will be refused.

§6. In accordance with article 65 §3, students who are in arrears with payment of their tuition fees will not be allowed to (re-)enrol.

Article 25 (Time frame for decision on entry requirements)

Whether a prospective student meets the entry requirements will be decided at the time of enrolment.

Section 2: Bachelor’s programme

Article 26 (Admission to a bachelor’s programme)

§1. A prospective student who has obtained one of the following degrees in Flanders will be admitted to a bachelor’s programme:
• a certificate of secondary education;
• a diploma of profession-oriented bachelor’s studies (tertiary education) (*hoger onderwijs van het korte type met volledig leerplan - HOKT*);
• a diploma of adult post-secondary education for social development purposes (*hoger onderwijs voor sociale promotie*), except for a Teaching Certificate for Secondary and Higher Education (*Getuigschrift Pedagogische Bekwaamheid*);
• a post-secondary (“gegradueerde”) diploma or a certificate of higher vocational education (*hoger beroepsonderwijs*).

§2. A prospective student will also be admitted to a bachelor’s programme if he has obtained a degree or other proof of study outside Flanders:
• where the diploma or other proof of study is recognised as being equivalent to one of the diplomas referred to in §1 above under statutory provisions, European directives or international agreements;
• where the diploma or other proof of study is recognised as being equivalent by the National Academic Recognition Information Centre – Flanders, NARIC Flanders (*Agentschap van de Vlaamse Gemeenschap voor Kwaliteitszorg in Onderwijs en Vorming*).

§3. If the prospective student cannot produce a diploma, enrolment is possible only under the exceptional admission procedure set out in article 27.

§4. If the prospective student produces a different diploma or other proof of study, enrolment is possible only on the grounds of prior approval which the prospective student must request in accordance with the conditions and procedures provided for in these regulations.

**Article 27 (Exceptional admission procedure for those who cannot produce a diploma)**

§1. A prospective student who cannot produce any of the diplomas mentioned in the previous articles may be allowed to undergo an aptitude test. For this, the student must submit a reasoned request to the Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs. In this request he must cite humanitarian, medical, psychological or social reasons, or his general level of qualifications, merit or competencies. The student must submit a file containing the information set out below.

§2. For enrolment for the first semester, the file can be submitted up to and including 15 August. For enrolment for the second semester, the file can be submitted up to and including 1 December.

§3. The prospective student must have reached the age of 21 at the time of enrolment, or reach that age during the calendar year in which he submits his request for admission.
§4. Prospective students who have taken a specific test “examen d’admission aux études universitaires de premier cycle” at a university in the French Community and are able to present the corresponding certificate, are exempted from the aptitude test.

Article 28 (File to be submitted and further investigation)

§1. A file submitted on humanitarian grounds must include the following documents:
  • Proof of identity;
  • Proof that the prospective student is a recognised refugee, has the accompanying protected status or has applied for it and that it is still under consideration;
  • Declaration that he is not in possession of the requisite diploma;
  • Overview of the study path already undertaken, if possible with supporting documentation.

§2. A file submitted on medical, psychological or social grounds must include the following documents:
  • Proof of identity;
  • Evidence in support of the stated medical, psychological or social reasons;
  • Overview of the study path already completed, with supporting documentation;
  • Copy of the most recent diploma or certificate of secondary education.

§3. A file submitted on the grounds of general level of qualification, merit or competencies must include the following documents:
  • Proof of identity;
  • Overview and evidence of work experience;
  • Overview of the study path already completed, with supporting documentation;
  • Copy of the most recent diploma or certificate of secondary education.

§4. University services, such as the Study Guidance, medical services, etc., may, at the request of the Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs, invite the student to meet with them so that the file can be completed.

§5. The Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs will inform the prospective student within one month of receipt of the request regarding the decision taken. If the decision is positive, the prospective student will be informed immediately that he is eligible for an aptitude test.

Article 29 (Admission after the aptitude test)

§1. The Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs will decide if the prospective student may enrol for the degree programme, study programme or programme units for which he wishes to register, after receipt of the outcome of the aptitude test. If the aptitude test shows that, as compared with the average group of secondary school graduates, the prospective student has not reached the required level, he will not be allowed to enrol. An aptitude test can be undertaken only once per academic year.

Teaching and Examination Regulations, approved by the Academic Council of 19 June 2017.
§2. The Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs will inform the prospective student of the decision within one month of receipt of the findings of the aptitude test. A positive finding is valid for a period of five years.

Article 30  (Admission to the medicine programme)
Those who wish to enrol for a bachelor’s programme in Medicine or for programme units within this bachelor’s programme are by law required to pass an entrance examination.

Section 3. Master’s programme
Article 31  (Admission to a master’s programme: General rule)
§1. To enrol for a master’s programme (initial master’s, not an advanced master’s programme), the prospective student must hold an academic bachelor’s degree.

§2. For each master’s programme at least one academic bachelor degree is outlined as the general entry requirement. Admission to a master’s programme can be limited to an academic bachelor’s programme with specific programme characteristics. For similar bachelor’s programmes followed at another educational institution, the master’s programme may differ depending on similarity of content, without the study load being adjusted. A university and one or more university college(s) can, acting as an association, offer joint master’s programmes for which the possession of a bachelor’s degree in higher professional education applies as the general admission requirement. On completion of the master’s programme(s), the university and university college(s) award a joint master’s degree.

§3. For someone with a different academic bachelor’s degree, admission is possible if he successfully completes the preparatory programme specified for that purpose.

§4. For someone with a profession-oriented bachelor’s degree, admission is possible if he successfully completes the bridging programme specified for that purpose.

§5. Exceptions to this general rule are set out in the articles below.
Article 32   (Admission to the master’s programme in Medicine for overseas doctors)

A doctor whose degree was obtained outside of the European Union, and who has only obtained partial equivalence for this degree, may enrol for the programme in Medicine, depending on the result obtained in the inter-university examination organised by the Flemish Inter-University Council.

Article 33   (Exceptional admissions procedure for those who cannot produce a diploma)

§1. A prospective student who cannot produce a bachelor’s diploma, due to humanitarian reasons, may be allowed to sit a specific test that assesses the required knowledge of the student based on the basic competencies of the master’s programme concerned. This test is prepared by the Study Programme Committee for the master’s programme in which the prospective student wishes to enrol. For this, the student must submit a reasoned request to the Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs. The student must submit a file containing the information set out below. The Study Programme Committee may decide, on the basis of the student’s file, that he may be exempted from the test required for admission set out above. In this regard, the potential student must have shown that he has the necessary basic competencies.

§2. For enrolment for the first semester, the file can be submitted up to and including 15 August. For enrolment for the second semester, the file can be submitted up to and including 1 December.

Article 34   (File to be submitted and further investigation)

§1. A file submitted must include the following documents:

- Proof of identity;
- Proof that the prospective student is a recognised refugee, has the accompanying protected status now or has applied for it, or is still under consideration;
- Declaration that the student is not in possession of the required diploma;
- Overview of the programme already undertaken, if possible with supporting documentation.

§2. University services, such as the Study Guidance Centre, medical services, etc., may, at the request of the Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs, invite the student to meet with them so that he can subsequently complete his file.

§3. The Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs will inform the prospective student within one month of receipt of the request about the decision taken. If the decision is positive, the prospective student will be informed immediately that he can take the test.
Article 35  (Taking the specific test)

§1. This test is prepared by the Study Programme Committee for the master’s programme for which the prospective student wishes to enrol.

§2. The Study Programme Committee may decide, on the basis of the student’s file, that he may be exempted from the test set out above.

§3. The Study Programme Committee will immediately inform the Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs of the decision on exemption, or whether the student passed the specific test.

Article 36  (Decision on admission or rejection)

The Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs will inform the prospective student about the decision taken within one month from receipt of the appraisal by the Study Programme Committee.

Article 37  (Admission to an advanced master’s programme)

To enrol in an advanced master’s programme, the student must have obtained a master’s degree. Furthermore, permission to enrol may be made dependent on a suitability check. Where appropriate, a preparatory programme may be imposed. Admission to an advanced master’s programme can be limited to a master’s programme with specific programme characteristics. For similar master's programmes followed at another educational institution, the advanced master’s programme may differ depending on the degree of content similarity, without the study load being adjusted.

Section 4: Admission to teacher training

Article 38  (Admission to teacher training)

§1. Enrolment in the University’s teacher training programme is allowed for a prospective student who enrols in a master’s programme or has already obtained a master’s degree.

§2. Enrolment in the University’s teacher training programme is allowed for a prospective student who enrols in both a master’s programme and an academic bachelor’s programme or a preparatory programme.

§3. Enrolment in the teacher education training programme is also possible when a prospective student enrolls in a bridging programme.

§4. More specific entry requirements are established, per discipline, by the Interfaculty Department for Teacher Training (IDLO). This is also true for language proficiency requirements. These requirements can be found on the website of Vrije Universiteit Brussel.
§5. A diploma for the teacher training programme can only be awarded if the diploma for the relevant master’s programme has been obtained.

Section 5: Combination of enrolments

Article 39 (Combination of enrolments in bachelor’s and master’s programmes)

§1. Any student who was enrolled in a bachelor’s programme and has not yet obtained the bachelor’s degree required for entry into a subsequent master’s programme, can simultaneously enrol for this master’s programme under the conditions set out below. The restrictions listed in article 56 shall nonetheless apply. Spreading of enrolment is possible under the same conditions. This rule also applies to inter-university, combined enrolments, both domestic and international.

§2. If a student needs fewer than 20 ECTS-credits to obtain his bachelor’s degree, he can enrol in a subsequent master’s programme or programme units of this master’s programme, without prior approval, in accordance with the sequence-rules that apply to the sequential order for enrolment.

§3. If the student needs 20 ECTS-credits or more to obtain his bachelor’s degree, he can enrol in a subsequent master’s programme or programme units of this master’s programme, in accordance with the relevant sequence-rules for enrolment, providing he is granted permission to do so. For this, the student or prospective student must submit a reasoned request to the Dean.

§4. When deciding on the student's request, the Dean will consider, for example, the required knowledge for the programme units in the master’s programme, the master’s thesis and possible work placement/internship.

§5. The master’s degree can only be awarded once the relevant bachelor’s degree has been obtained.

Article 40 (Other combinations)

§1. The same rules as outlined in the previous article apply equally to a student enrolled in a bridging or preparatory programme, who has not yet obtained the corresponding ECTS-credits. He can already enrol in the subsequent master’s programme, under the conditions set out in the previous article.

§2. The same rules also apply to a student who has not yet obtained a master’s degree required for admission to an advanced master’s programme.
Section 6: Language proficiency

Subsection 1: Requirements in relation to language proficiency

Article 41 (Language of instruction)

§1. The language of instruction for each programme of study is determined annually. It is indicated on the programme unit description.

§2. The student who enrolls for a degree programme, a study programme, or a programme unit must have a thorough command of the language in which the education is provided, at an academic level. Details of how he can prove his language proficiency are set out in the following sections.

Subsection 2: Proof of language proficiency on enrolment

Article 42 (Proof of language proficiency)

Students must provide proof of their knowledge of the language of tuition when they enrol.

Article 43 (Proof of knowledge of Dutch)

§1. Prospective students can provide proof of sufficient knowledge of Dutch as the language of instruction by meeting one of the following criteria:

1. having a diploma of secondary or higher education where Dutch was the language of instruction;
2. having successfully completed at least one school year of secondary education where Dutch was the language of instruction;
3. having successfully completed programme units in higher education with at least 54 ECTS-credits where Dutch was the language of instruction;
4. having passed the entrance examination for doctors or dentists organised by the Ministry of the Flemish Government;
5. having obtained a certificate of continuing education “hoger onderwijs voor sociale promotie” where Dutch was the language of tuition;
6. having passed the ‘Nederlands Staatsexamen Nederlands als tweede taal (NT2), Programma II’ examination;
7. having passed a test set up in accordance with European Union reference level B2, such as the Certificaat Nederlands als Vreemde Taal (CNaVT) – ‘Educatief Startbekwaam’, (Certificate of Dutch as a Foreign Language), (until 2014: the Profiel taalvaardigheid hoger onderwijs (PTHO) (Higher education language proficiency certificate)), and the Interuniversitaire Taaltest Nederlands voor Anderstaligen (ITNA – ERK B2) (inter-university Dutch language test for non-native speakers).
8. Certificates and other proof of language tests may not pre-date the first enrolment by more than two years.

§2. Each faculty may require a higher level of language proficiency for a specific programme. This will be mentioned in the programme description.

§3. The Interfaculty Department of Teacher Training can apply specific language requirements to programmes that fall within its responsibility, as outlined in article 38 §4.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 43 §3

Within the ES faculty the language requirements as mentioned in §2 also apply to the initial master’s programmes.

§4. Exceptions to language requirements may be granted by the person responsible for the programme on the basis of an overall assessment.

§5. Each faculty has the discretion to decide that students do not need to submit proof of their knowledge of the language of tuition when they enrol for a postgraduate or advanced master’s programme. This will be mentioned in the programme description.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 43 §5

For the postgraduate programmes of the Brussels Diplomatic Academy, in the absence of the conditions set out in Article 44 §1, an interview in English may be conducted. The interview relates to both the motivation of the candidate student and the subject of the programme aspired by the candidate student.

Article 44  (Proof of knowledge of English)

§1. Prospective students, except prospective students for a bachelor degree, can provide proof of sufficient knowledge of English as the language of instruction by meeting one of the following criteria:

1. having a diploma of secondary or higher education where English was the language of instruction;
2. having successfully completed at least one school year of secondary education where English was the language of instruction;
3. having successfully completed programme units in higher education with at least 54 ECTS-credits where English was the language of instruction;
4. having successfully completed secondary education in Belgium;
5. having successfully completed one of the following language proficiency tests corresponding to the Common European Framework of Reference with minimum level B2:
   - TOEFL (Test of English as a Foreign Language): minimum level: 213 for computer-based, 72 for internet-based;
   - TOEIC (Test of English for International Communication): minimum level: 785;
   - IELTS (International English Language Testing System): minimum level: academic module 6.0;
   - ITACE (Interuniversity Test of Academic English) for Students, score B2;
   - Cambridge Certificate of Advanced English (CAE), grade B;
   - Cambridge Certificate of Proficiency in English (CPE), grade C;
   - Trinity College London (the ALTE Q mark);
   - Cambridge English First (FCE);
   - Cambridge English: Business Vantage (BEC Vantage);
   - Cambridge Michigan ECCE;
   - Trinity College London: ISE II, GESE Grade 7-9;
   - The Pearson Test of English General (PTE General): minimum level 3;

Certificates and other proof of language tests may not pre-date the first enrolment by more than two years.

§2. Prospective students for a bachelor degree can provide proof of sufficient knowledge of English as the language of instruction by meeting one of the following criteria:

1. having a diploma of secondary or higher education where English was the language of instruction;
2. having successfully completed secondary education in Belgium;
3. having successfully completed one of the following language proficiency tests corresponding to the Common European Framework of Reference with minimum level B2:
   - TOEFL iBT with minimum level: 79;
   - TOEFL PBT with minimum level: 550
   - TOEFL CBT with minimum level: 213
   - IELTS with minimum level: academic module 6.5;
   - Cambridge Certificate of Advanced English (CAE), grade B;
   - Cambridge Certificate of Proficiency in English (CPE), grade C;

Certificates and other proof of language tests may not pre-date the first enrolment by more than two years.
§3. Each faculty may require a higher level of language proficiency for a specific programme. This will be mentioned in the programme description.

§4. Exceptions to language requirements may be granted by the person responsible for the programme on the basis of an overall assessment.

§5. Each faculty has the discretion to decide that students do not need to submit proof of their knowledge of the language of tuition when they enrol for a postgraduate or advanced master’s programme. This will be mentioned in the programme description.

Article 45  (Language test)
§1. The Academic Language Centre (Academisch Centrum voor Taalonderwijs - ACTO) can test a prospective student who was unable to provide proof of sufficient knowledge of the language, according to the conditions stated on the website of ACTO.

§2. A student who changes his enrolment and wants to transfer to a programme that has different language requirements must take a new language test.

Article 46  (Programme units in a different language)
A prospective student who wishes to enrol only for programme units that are taught in a language that is different from that of the overall programme need not produce evidence of knowledge of the language of instruction of the programme, but must do so for the language of the programme unit, should the faculty so desire.
Proof of knowledge of the language of the programme unit as outlined in article 43 to and including article 45 must be submitted at the time of enrolment.

Chapter IV. - Study contracts and other enrolment regulations
Section 1: Enrolments and study contracts
Subsection 1: Enrolments
Article 47  (General provisions)
§1. The prospective student may enrol for:
• One programme or multiple programmes simultaneously;
• A programme unit;
• Multiple programme units, which are part of one or more programmes;
• A bridging programme;
• A preparatory programme.
§2. The student under a diploma contract who is enrolled will subsequently need to register his annual programme.

§3. The prospective student who wishes to enrol under an examination contract or a credit contract should submit a reasoned request to the Dean.

Subsection 2: Study contracts

Article 48 (Types of study contract)

§1. The prospective student enters into an agreement with the University upon enrolment. On enrolment the student may choose one of the following contracts:

- Diploma contract, with a view to obtaining a degree;
- Diploma contract, if the student registers for a postgraduate or a bridging programme or preparatory programme;
- Credit contract, with a view to obtaining a credit certificate for one or more programme units;
- Exam contract, with a view to obtaining a diploma;
- Exam contract, with a view to obtaining a credit certificate for one or more programme units.

§2. Students can opt for a combination of study contracts. The following two contract combinations are, however, not permitted for the same programme:

(i) combining a diploma contract and exam contract with a view to obtaining a diploma;
(ii) combining a credit contract and exam contract with a view to obtaining ECTS-credits.

Article 49 (Permission)

When signing the enrolment agreement, the student grants permission by agreeing, through Student SelfService, by agreeing with his enrolment and the attached conditions, or by signing the study contract.

Article 50 (Exam and credit contracts: characteristics and restrictions)

§1. Those enrolled under an exam contract are not entitled to take part in the educational activities provided for the programme units in which they are enrolled.

§2. Whether enrolment under an examination contract is permitted will be stated in the programme unit description. It is possible that enrolment under an examination contract for a programme unit will be allowed provided that the student undertakes substitute activities. In that case, the programme unit description will state which substitute activities are required.

§3. It will be indicated in the course unit description, together with the reasons, if a work placement, bachelor’s thesis or master’s thesis does not qualify for the purposes of a credit contract.
Subsection 3: Changes to a study contract

Article 51  (Change to the type of contract)
Changes to the chosen study contract are possible throughout the academic year.

Article 52  (Change of programme)

§1. In choosing to change their programme, students must de-register for the entire programme of study for which they had enrolled and immediately enrol in a different programme. This change of curriculum may affect the student’s study account.

§2. Any such change in programme can only take place under a diploma contract.

§3. In the event of a change, any additional tuition fees which may be due will be claimed according to Article 68.

Article 53  (Procedures)
The procedures relating to changes to a study contract will be announced to the students on the VUB website prior to the start of the enrolment period.

Subsection 4: Standard study path versus individualised study path

Article 54  (Standard study path)

§1. A standard study path is determined for all programmes that can be taken under a diploma contract. The standard study path is divided into programme years.

§2. A student follows a standard study path if he follows the path approved by the Education Council and takes up more than 54 and less than 66 ECTS-credits each year.

Article 55  (Individualised study path)
A student follows an individualised study path if he:
   • does not take up a package of programme units between 54 and 66 ECTS-credits each year; or,
   • deviates from the programme unit sequence as outlined in the standard study path; or,
   • deviates from the total study load for the programme.

Subsection 5: Scope of enrolment

Article 56  (Scope of enrolment)

§1. Enrolment for a study programme, bridging or preparatory programme is only allowed for maximum 66 ECTS-credits. This maximum also applies to an enrolment in which several types of contracts are combined.
§2. An exception to this rule may be requested under extraordinary circumstances. For this, the student or prospective student must submit a reasoned request to the Dean.

Section 2: Enrolment arrangements

Subsection 1: General provisions

Article 57 (Enrolment period)

§1. The first period to enrol in a study programme starts on 1 July and ends on 8 October. Students who enrol for the first semester must complete their online registration on 8 October, latest. Enrolment outside the proposed enrolment periods is only possible with the explicit approval of the Dean.

§2. The second period to enrol in a study programme, for whoever wishes to start in the second semester, runs until 15 February. Students who enrol for the second semester must complete their online registration by 15 February, latest. Enrolment outside the proposed enrolment periods is only possible with the explicit approval of the Dean.

§3. The student wishing to re-enrol, should complete the re-enrolment by 15 February, latest.

§4. After enrolling in a study programme, the student must register his programme units within the following deadlines:
   • For first semester programme units and full year programme units, registration is only possible up to and including 15 October.
   • For second semester programme units, registration is only possible up to and including 28 February.

The registration of programme units outside these deadlines is only possible upon the explicit approval of the Dean. In order to obtain such approval, students should formulate a reasoned request, in accordance with art 74, §3 and §4.

§4. For postgraduate students, a different enrolment period is possible if the organisation of the postgraduate programme differs from the academic calendar approved by the Academic Council.

§5. Notwithstanding § 1 above, students who intend to enrol in a programme with tuition fees to be paid before 1 July and who already have a diploma giving them access to the programme concerned, may enrol from 1 January of the year in which the academic year starts.
Article 58  (Enrolment documents)

§1. The prospective student who enrols for the first time in a (different) programme at the Vrije Universiteit Brussel will be required to present the following documents, insofar the University does not already possess these:

1. identity card or passport;
2. for Belgian students, a formal document on which the identification number of the National Register of Natural Persons (National Register Number) is given (ID card or national social security (SIS) card if the ID card does not display the National Register Number or if the ID card is not presented);
3. for foreign students with legal residence in Belgium: evidence with mention of the INSZ (national registration number or ‘bisnummer’);
4. for foreign students without legal residence in Belgium possessing a ‘bisnummer’: evidence with mention of the INSZ;
5. Students requiring a visa: a passport with a temporary residence permit for study purposes (visa type D) or valid residence permit; for PhD students who need a visa and are enrolling for a joint-PhD, a C type visa will suffice. Students enrolling based on §3 of this article are exempt;
6. the diploma that allows admission to the programme; a copy of the diploma will not suffice; those who obtained a diploma of secondary education from the Flemish Community after 31 December 2004 will not be required to produce it, unless the diploma cannot be consulted in a database;
7. for prospective medical students:
   - the certificate of successful completion of the entrance examination; or,
   - the certificate of partial equivalence of qualifications as a Doctor of Medicine issued by the Flemish Inter-University Council (VLIR).
8. for refugees and asylum seekers for whom an appeal or residence rights procedure is ongoing, the certificate issued by the Commissioner General for Refugees and Stateless Persons, unless they are in possession of a diploma of secondary education obtained in Belgium;
9. for VLIR and BTC (Belgian Directorate General for Development Cooperation) scholarship students, the certificate of scholarship status;
10. for students who cannot enrol directly without prior approval, the letter of admission signed by the Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs;
11. any certificate required to prove that the entry requirements are met;
12. for overseas students, proof of medical insurance that is valid within Belgium, with the exception of students who hold a diplomatic passport, a special identity card or a valid residence permit. Prospective students who have no such medical insurance, can apply for one through the International Relations and Mobility Office (IRMO) of the University.
§2. If the above documents cannot be checked in a database of the (Flemish) Government, the student is required to register in person with OWSA. The student shall then present the relevant documents in person.

§3. PhD students who are not a resident in Belgium at the time of their enrolment may request permission for remote enrolment in a letter of motivation addressed to the Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs. If this enrolment is permitted, the PhD student shall provide a certified copy of their diploma and passport/identity card to OWSA in advance.

§4. Students wishing to enrol for a permanent graduation or a postgraduate may request permission for remote enrolment in a letter of motivation addressed to the Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs. If this enrolment is permitted, the student wishing to enrol for a permanent graduation or a postgraduate, shall provide a certified copy of their diploma and passport/identity card to OWSA in advance.

Article 59 (Proof of enrolment)

§1. Student cards and certificates of enrolment are sent to the students.

§2. The enrolment details are sent directly in electronic format, by the Higher Education Database, to the Study Grants Division of the Flemish Community and the Child Benefit Office (Rijksdienst voor Kinderbijslag). This means that no document is given directly to the student in this regard.

§3. Certificates of enrolment can be obtained from OWSA.

Subsection 2: Specific arrangement for enrolment based on a foreign diploma

Article 60 (Admission based on a foreign diploma)

§1. Enrolment based on a foreign diploma for which these regulations do not grant direct access is only possible if approval is granted by the Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs.

§2. This rule also applies for diplomas awarded by the French or German-speaking Community and which, under the provisions of these regulations, do not grant direct access.

§3. Applications from prospective students can be submitted as of 15 November of the academic year preceding the academic year for which they submit their applications. Applications for enrolment should be submitted to OWSA. The application is submitted by completing the online registration.
To submit an application for admission, the following deadlines apply:

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<th>For Bachelor’s programmes:</th>
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<tr>
<td>Non-EEA diploma + visa requirement</td>
<td>1 June</td>
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<tr>
<td>EEA-diploma + visa requirement</td>
<td>1 June</td>
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<tr>
<td>Non-EEA diploma, no visa requirement</td>
<td>1 June</td>
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<tr>
<td>EEA-diploma, no visa requirement</td>
<td>No deadline, but with recommendation to register before the start of the academic year.</td>
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<th>For Master’s programmes:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-EEA diploma, regardless of visa requirements</td>
<td>1 June</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EER-diploma, regardless of visa requirements</td>
<td>1 June</td>
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Applications for admission to postgraduate programmes should be submitted before 1 September.

**Additional faculty regulations by Article 60 §3**

An application for a postgraduate programme of the Brussels Diplomatic Academy must be submitted by June 1st.

§4. The Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs will only allow the prospective student admission if the student has obtained a diploma of a corresponding level to the degree that is required by the University as a condition for entry to the programme. Prospective students may submit their application during the year in which they expect to be awarded their diploma. If the file has been approved and no other conditions on its contents need to be met other than obtaining the diploma, the students can be given a conditional letter of admission.

§5. A Chinese prospective student with a Chinese diploma must also produce an APS certificate from the Academic Evaluation Centre (Akademische Prüfstelle). A Chinese student who has been awarded a diploma outside of China must produce evidence of authenticity of his diploma issued by the embassy of the country where the diploma was awarded.

§6. After consideration of the file by OWSA and the faculty, the prospective student will receive a letter of admission or rejection signed by the Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs.

§7. Except for candidate bachelor students with an EEA diploma, and without a visa requirement, the student must pay an administrative fee for the evaluation of their file, amounting to €100 per submitted admission request. This administrative fee shall not be deducted from the owed tuition fees on enrolment (based on the letter of admission through which admission is granted).
By way of derogation, candidate students who submit an admission request before 1 April, bursary recipients and students from partner institutions will be exempt from this administrative fee.

**Article 61 (Admission file)**

To obtain the necessary letter of admission, a prospective student must submit a completed online application form and a file, which must include the following documents, at the very least:

- For admission to a bachelor’s programme:
  - the diploma (and list of results in case of a request for admission to an accelerated bachelor’s programme);
  - a copy of his identity card or passport;
  - a passport photo;
  - a letter of motivation;
  - any document required to prove that the entry requirements are met.

- For admission to a master’s programme:
  - a diploma and list of marks;
  - a copy of his identity card or passport;
  - a passport photo;
  - a letter of motivation;
  - letters of recommendation;
  - any document required to attest that the entry requirements are met.

**Subsection 3: Adjustment of the study account**

**Article 62 (Adjustment of the study account)**

§1. If an administrative legal act leads to the calculation, increase or reduction of the study account due to a material error, the student should request its correction in writing within 10 calendar days of notification of the administrative procedure. To this end, the student must apply to the Dean, who will take a decision within 15 calendar days of receiving the request. The student will then be informed of the decision by registered mail.

§2. If an administrative legal act leads to the calculation, increase or reduction of the study account due to an inaccuracy, the student should request its correction in writing within 10 calendar days of notification of the administrative procedure. To this end, the student must apply to the Dean, who will take a decision within 15 calendar days of receiving the request. The reasoned decision will be sent by registered mail.
Section 3: Discontinuation of the programme without new enrolment

Article 63 (Discontinuation of the programme)

§1. A student who does not wish to continue his study programme at the University must de-register himself by filling in the online discontinuation form and returning it to OWSA.

§2. A student requesting a discontinuation of the programme must return his student card. If he does not do so immediately, his request for discontinuation will automatically mean he can no longer use or present the student card or any other related documents.

§3. Discontinuation of the programme is not possible from 15 May until the end of the academic year.

Section 4: Tuition fees

Article 64 (Calculation of tuition fees)

§1. Tuition fees for enrolment under a diploma contract, credit or examination contract in a bachelor’s or initial master’s programme consist of:
   - a fixed amount; this is only due once per academic year;
   - a variable amount, depending on the number of study ECTS-credits for which the student enrols.

§2. The fixed amount is only due once per academic year. For the purposes of calculating the tuition fees, the enrolment of a student for one or several programmes and for one or several programme units under a diploma contract and credit contract will be treated as a single enrolment. All ECTS-credits will therefore be added together.

§3. Students who, in accordance with article 86 §2, are permitted to enrol, pay an additional tuition fee, amounting to a maximum of 11 euros for each study point not covered by their study account.

§4. Deviating from the general rule, enrolments in the following programmes will be treated as individual enrolments (and not as additional enrolments):
   - enrolment for an advanced master’s programme;
   - enrolment for a doctorate;
   - enrolment for a postgraduate programme;
   - enrolment under an examination contract with a view to obtaining ECTS-credits;
   - enrolment under the form of an examination contract with a view to obtaining a degree.

The provisions for scholarship students do not apply to these enrolments.

§5. The student pays the tuition fees established by the ruling of the Academic Council, annually. The tuition fees can be consulted on the VUB website.
§6. Students with a bursary from the Belgian Directorate General for Development Cooperation or from the Belgian Technical Cooperation Agency shall pay the same fees as EEA non-bursary students.

§7. Students with a bursary from the Master Mind Scholarship – Fellowship Programme for Excellent Students programme of the Flemish government shall pay the same fee as EEA scholarship students.

§8. Detailed rules for calculating the tuition fees will be included in a spreadsheet and the accompanying note, which will be fixed annually by the Academic Council of the University. These rules shall form an integral part of these Teaching and Examination Regulations.

Article 65 (Time frame for payment)
§1. Tuition fees become payable upon signing the study contract or the agreement in Student SelfService.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 65§1

The tuition fee for postgraduate programmes of the Brussels Diplomatic Academy is due from the moment of the academic admission. Only after receipt of the tuition fee, the conditional acceptance letter will be sent out and the further admission procedure will be completed.

§2. Upon signing the contract or upon the agreement in the Student SelfService, the student will receive a request for payment to the amount of the fees outstanding at that moment. He pays immediately. The tuition fees are recalculated upon each change in the student’s curriculum. As the case may be, the student will receive a bi-weekly request for payment via his VUB email address.

§3. Non-payment will be sanctioned with a suspension of enrolment. A student who, even after a reminder, fails to pay the full amount of the tuition fees due, including any additional administrative costs, before the set due date, will be suspended administratively. As long as the outstanding tuition fee has not been settled in full, proof of education credits, diplomas and certificates (including any associated diploma and certificate supplements describing the knowledge and skills acquired by the holders and this with respect to each academic year in which the student has been/was enrolled) will be retained. A student who has not paid the tuition fees due by the end of the corresponding academic year is not allowed to (re-)enrol. The suspension will only be revoked after all the amounts due have been paid. In no case is the student released from the obligation to pay the amount due, together with the administrative fee. The university reserves the right to recover the amounts due through legal proceedings.
Article 66  (Methods of payment)

§1. Tuition fees may be paid by means of:
- Training vouchers
- bank transfer, including the structured communication reference given with the payment request.

§2. Paid tuition fees can be reimbursed in exchange for training vouchers.

§3. When a scholarship-issuing body deposits the tuition fees of non-EEA scholarship holders (who are not entitled to a reduced tuition fee) into an account reserved for this scholarship project, the holder of this account can issue a voucher.

Article 67  (Amount to be paid for all programmes)

§1. A student who enrols, must pay the tuition fees determined annually by the institution, immediately following the payment request.

§2. A student who, in his first enrolment at the University, claims that he received an educational grant from the Flemish Community in the previous school or academic year and states that he has applied for a grant or that he intends to do so, shall pay the fee for scholarship students. If his application or renewal is not approved or if no decision is taken on the educational grant before 1 May, he must pay the balance of the tuition fees. If his educational grant is approved later, however, then the University will reimburse the surplus amount paid.

Article 68  (Payment of tuition fees after changing the chosen programme)

§1. Changing the chosen study programme is possible as set out in article 52 and leads to an obligation to pay tuition fees as follows.

§2. If the enrolment is changed before 1 December, the student is not required to pay any additional tuition fees, provided the total number of ECTS-credits for which he is enrolled does not exceed the amount of ECTS-credits he initially enrolled for.

§3. If the enrolment is changed before 1 March for students who enrol in the second semester, the student is not required to pay any additional tuition fees, provided the total number of ECTS-credits for which he is enrolled does not exceed the amount of ECTS-credits he initially enrolled for.
§4. If the change is not requested in due time, the student will need to pay the full amount required for the new enrolment, without off-setting this against the tuition fee which was payable for the previous enrolment.

Article 69   (Payment of tuition fees after changing chosen programme units)

§1. Changing chosen programme units is possible, as set out in greater detail in article 74, and leads to an obligation to pay tuition fees as follows.

§2. If the total number of ECTS-credits for which the student is enrolled, exceeds the number for which he was originally enrolled as a result of the change, then the tuition fees will be recalculated. The student will pay the additional tuition fees.

§3. If the student enrols for first semester programme units or for the full year programme units before 1 December, no additional tuition fees are paid, provided the total number of ECTS-credits for which he is enrolled does not exceed the number for which he was originally enrolled.

§4. If the student enrols for second semester programme units before 16 March, no additional tuition fees are paid, provided the total number of ECTS-credits for which he is enrolled does not exceed the number for which he was originally enrolled.

§5. If the total number of ECTS credits for the curriculum chosen by the student after the change is less than the number of ECTS credits prior to the change, the student will only be entitled to a refund if he/she un-enrols from the relevant course units before 1 December (for changes regarding first semester programme units) or before 16 March (for changes regarding second semester programme units).

§6. For changes after 1 December (for changing first semester programme units and full year programme units) or after 1 March (for changes for second semester programme units), the student must pay tuition fees for the ECTS-credits for all the additional programme units for which he enrolls.

Article 70   (Reimbursement of tuition fees after discontinuation of the programme)

§1. At no point shall discontinuation of the course release the student from the obligation to pay the amount due.

§2. If discontinuation occurs up to and including 30 November, the student will be reimbursed the tuition fees he has paid, excluding the fixed amount.
§3. If discontinuation occurs from 1 December up to and including 15 March, the student will be reimbursed the tuition fees paid for second semester programme units.

§4. If discontinuation occurs as of 16 March, the entire amount of the tuition fees remains owed to the University.

§5. In the event of force majeure, exception from the above-mentioned rules may be requested. To this end, the student shall address their letter of motivation with original supporting documents substantiating the event of force majeure to the Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs, who will make a decision.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 70

For postgraduate programmes of the Brussels Diplomatic Academy, 50% of the tuition fee will be refunded in case of discontinuation before July 1st, before the start of the academic year. In case of discontinuation after July 1st, tuition fees will not be refunded.

Section 5: Nullification of enrolment

Article 71  (Incorrect enrolment)

Incorrect or invalid enrolments must be rectified with the institution and annulled in the Higher Education Database.

Article 72  (Incorrect or false information)

Enrolment on the basis of incorrect or false though essential information, will be declared invalid by the Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs.

Chapter V. - Set-up of the student’s yearly programme

Section 1: Registration of the programme units

Article 73  (Determination of the yearly programme)

§1. For enrolments with a diploma contract, the student must determine his yearly programme each academic year. The student shall do so in accordance with the provisions of the teaching and examination regulations document and the programme-specific provisions as set out in the programme description or the programme unit description.

§2. Programme units must be registered by the student in Student SelfService. Enrolment for an examination contract or credit contract is registered by the faculty administration. The registration for programme units of guest students is also undertaken by the faculty administration.
§3. In compiling his individualised study path, the student can call on the assistance of the study path adviser.

§4. The student can determine his individualised study path for first semester programme units and full year course units up to and including 15 October. Second semester programme units can be determined up to and including 28 February. Enrolment outside the proposed enrolment periods, is only possible with the consent of the Dean, in accordance with article 57 §1. Should the student fail to do so before 15 November and 31 March, respectively, in consultation with the study path adviser, then the student will be considered to have terminated the Enrolment Agreement and will be struck off, administratively. Should this be the case, he shall cease to enjoy the rights of a VUB student.

§5. In putting together their individualised study paths for the academic year, students must limit the number of ECTS-credits derived from foreign-language modules up to 18.33% of the study points for bachelor’s programmes and up to 50% of the study load from the ECTS-credits for master’s programmes.

Article 74 (Changing the yearly programme)

§1. Changes to and de-registration from the choice of programme units within the programme for which the student is enrolled, can be made within the time frames set out below.

This change in curriculum may affect the student’s study account.

§2. The student may enter changes through Student SelfService, without restriction, up to and including 15 October.

§3. From 16 October until 8 January, the student requires consent from the Dean for enrolment for or de-registration from programme units for the first semester and full year course units. The Dean may withhold his approval if the programme unit concerned has already progressed too far. The Dean may refuse un-enrolment if the course unit has an associated (partial) result or proclamation code.

§4. For changes to second semester programme units, the student may enter the change through Student Self-Service up to and including 28 February. From 1 March, up to and including 3 June, the approval of the Dean is required. The Dean may withhold his approval if the programme unit concerned has already progressed too far.

§5. In case of a change to the choice of programme units, additional tuition fees will be payable if the initial number of ECTS-credits is exceeded. The rules applying to the amount claimed are set out in article 69. Tuition fees will not be refunded.
If changes are made to the curriculum, the student may apply any already acquired study points to the new curriculum. The transitional arrangements taken in this regard must be submitted to the Education Council, together with the changes to the curriculum.

**Article 76** *(Procedure for deviation from sequence-rules)*

If a student wishes to deviate from the sequence-rules of the educational training programme, he must obtain the Dean’s permission.

**Section 2: Exemptions based on previously acquired competencies or previously acquired qualifications**

**Article 77** *(General)*

§1. If a student thinks he qualifies for an exemption based on previously acquired competencies or previously acquired qualifications, he must file an application in accordance with the procedure specified.

§2. A person who has not yet enrolled, but intends to include the relevant programme units in his programme in the next academic year, can also apply for an exemption.

**Additional faculty regulations by Article 77§2**

The request for exemptions must be submitted at the latest by October 15th. If the request only concerns second semester courses, the closing date for the request is February 15th. Only one request can be submitted per academic year. All exemption requests are submitted at the same time.

Students who have been given permission to enroll late may submit an exemption request no later than one week after they received permission for late enrollment.

**Article 78** *(Transfer of examination results)*

If an exemption is granted, the examination results obtained will not be transferred, unless:

a) a credit certificate is obtained under a credit contract for a programme unit which is identical to that in a programme for which a diploma contract is later concluded;

b) a credit certificate is obtained for a programme unit which is common to several programmes followed simultaneously or consecutively.

**Article 79** *(Grounds on which an exemption can be applied for)*

An exemption can be granted on the following grounds:

- a credit certificate or diploma issued by this or another higher education institution;
- a certificate of aptitude issued by a validating body;

Teaching and Examination Regulations, approved by the Academic Council of 19 June 2017.
- previously acquired qualifications, other than a credit certificate or diploma, which meet the definition of the Higher Education Code.

Article 80  (Evaluation criteria)

§1. When an exemption is granted, it is checked if there is a sufficient match, in terms of objectives, contents, and study outcomes, between the programme unit for which the exemption is requested and the programme unit on the basis of which the exemption is requested.

§2. Decisions to grant or deny exemptions must be adequately justified. Justification based merely on the title and the study load of the programme unit is not sufficient for granting or denying an exemption.

Article 81  (Extent of the exemption)

§1. The exemption may be complete or partial. If a complete exemption is not possible, it must always be checked to what extent a partial exemption is possible.

§2. The extent of an exemption is expressed in whole study points.

§3. If a partial exemption is granted, the decision must explicitly state for which parts the student is exempted and for which parts he still needs to sit an examination. The way in which the examination scores are determined must also be stated.

Article 82  (Period of validity)

A credit certificate, a certificate of aptitude, or other previously acquired qualifications are valid for an indefinite period.

Article 83  (Procedure)

§1. Decisions on exemptions are taken by the Dean, possibly based on the advice of the lecturer and/or Study Programme Committee. The detailed procedure for requesting and granting of exemptions must be posted on the website of the faculty.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 83§1

Information concerning the exemption procedure and the template to be used, is available via the faculty MY.VUB website.
§2. If it is found, based on his previously acquired qualifications and/or a certificate of aptitude, that a person has acquired the domain-specific study outcomes associated with a programme, that person will be awarded the relevant diploma without enrolment being required. An amount of 50 euros is payable as a contribution towards the costs for the award of the diploma.

§3. When a decision is taken to exemptions based on a foreign diploma or a period of study abroad, the provisions and principles of the Treaty of the Council of Europe and UNESCO on the recognition of diplomas of higher education in the European Region, shall apply, provided the country of origin has also ratified the Treaty.

Article 84 (Holding of decisions on exemption)
Decisions on granting or denying exemptions must be kept on file. The relevant documents from the file concerned must be retained within the faculty for at least 1 academic year.

Section 3: Study progress monitoring and entry requirements relating to the study account

Article 85 (Imposition of a study progress monitoring measure)

§1. At the first following re-enrolment for the same programme, a binding condition is imposed on students who are enrolled under a diploma contract and have failed to obtain ECTS-credits for 60% of the ECTS-credits taken up. Students may also be placed under mandatory study guidance. If they re-enrol for the same programme under a diploma contract, these students must obtain ECTS-credits for 75% of the ECTS-credits taken up and need to pass every programme unit for which they already enrolled twice, but for which they did not obtain a credit certificate. Should a student fail to comply with this binding condition, the first following re-enrolment for the same programme, or any units in that programme, under any form of contract whatsoever will be refused, barring exceptional circumstances.

At the start of the academic year, the student is entitled to a meeting with a Study Guidance Centre (SGC) staff member about the student’s study progress and possible study advice.

§2. Barring exceptional circumstances, students enrolled under a credit or examination contract for the purpose of obtaining ECTS-credits will be rejected for this programme unit if they have enrolled twice for a particular programme unit without having obtained a credit certificate for that programme unit.

§3. When a student has not obtained any credits, he will not be allowed to re-enrol for the same programme, nor for course units of that programme under credit contract or exam contract, save in exceptional circumstances. The Examinations Board can make an exception to this rule for students who are enrolled in only one or two course units.
Additional faculty regulations by Article 85§3

If it is evident from the information in the students file that imposing binding conditions will not produce a positive result, the student may be refused to re-enroll for the same programme on the basis of a thorough and individual motivation.

§4. In case of exceptional circumstances known before commencement of the examination period, a substantiated file can be submitted to the Chairman of the Examinations Board up to and including 16 August containing at least a factual description of the exceptional circumstances, together with supporting documents. The appeal must be lodged with the faculty's administrative secretariat.

§5. A decision by a partner institute to reject enrolment for a programme organised on an interuniversity level that is subject to the “Examination regulations for interuniversity master’s courses involving enrolment at more than one university”, shall be recognised by this institute.

§6. Any decision to impose a binding condition or to reject enrolment will be communicated through Student SelfService.

§7. Following a break in enrolment of at least three academic years for the programme(s) and programme units for which the student was refused access, the student may submit a reasoned file in writing showing that the circumstances have changed. The file must be submitted before 1 June or 1 September, respectively, to the faculty administrative secretariat and will be processed by the competent committee.

§8. Study progress decisions are taken subject to article 86.

Article 86  (Entry requirements relating to the study account)

§1. A student or prospective student whose study account is equal to or less than zero, will not be allowed to enrol or re-enrol for a programme or programme unit in an initial bachelor’s of master’s programme under a diploma contract or in a programme unit under a credit contract, save exceptions listed in article 87.

§2. Students may enrol if they have a positive study account. Students with an insufficient balance on their study account will be charged additional tuition fees for that part of the programme not covered by the study account, in accordance with article 64 §3.
**Article 87  (Deviation from refusal in the event of a negative study account)**

§1. Notwithstanding article 86, a student who in the previous academic year was enrolled for a course needing a maximum of 30 ECTS credits from that course but whose account is less than or equal to zero, will be allowed to complete that course for one academic year, provided that he meets the admission requirements and has not previously obtained a Master's degree.

§2. A student who has only obtained a Bachelor's degree and whose study account is less than or equal to zero, will be allowed to start the Master's course, for maximum two academic years for a one-year Master's course or for maximum three academic years for a two-year Master's course. He will be allowed to do so provided that he meets the admission requirements.

§3. A student who has already obtained a Master's degree and whose study account is less than or equal to zero, will be admitted to another Master's course for a maximum of two academic years for a one-year Master's course or three academic years for a two-year Master's course.

§4. These provisions apply both for (re-)enrolment for an initial Bachelor's or Master's programme under a diploma contract and for a course unit under a credit contract, without prejudice to any study progress decisions.

§5. In accordance with Article 64 §3, a special tuition fee is charged for that portion of the course enrolled for which the student has an insufficient or negative learning account.

**Section 4: Taking programme units at another institution**

**Article 88  (Taking an elective course unit at another Flemish university)**

Under the terms of an agreement concluded between the Flemish universities, students can take programme units organised by other universities as elective course units. The agreement sets out the following conditions/criteria:

- the student is enrolled under a diploma contract or an examination contract for the purpose of obtaining a diploma;
- the programme unit is not organised by the home institution;
- the student does not owe the guest institution any additional tuition fees;
- the examination results are communicated by the guest institution to the home institution;
- the credit certificate is issued by the home institution.
Article 89  (Taking programme units at another higher education institution)
For the purpose of internationalisation/student mobility, faculties of different universities may make arrangements for the exchange and lending/borrowing of programme units.

Article 90  (Individual request by a student)
If a student wishes to take (a) programme unit(s) at another institution that is not covered by article 88 and article 89 of these regulations, he must submit a reasoned request to the Dean. The faculty shall incorporate a procedure for this purpose in its faculty regulations.

If the faculty decides favourably on the request, it must clearly specify which programme units can be replaced by external programme units and how the examination results will be converted.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 90

The student contacts the study counselor of the programme. The chairman of the study programme committee provides advice to the dean. Written permission of the lecturer of the external course unit is required.

Section 5: Equal opportunities

Article 91  (Inclusive education)
§1. All educational activities must be open to everyone. Every student must be given equal opportunities. This may call for a reasonable degree of flexibility (in terms of compliance with the criteria for feasibility, acceptability and justifiability) in granting deviations to individual students under specific circumstances. A reasonably flexible deviation is a one that does not involve a disproportionate burden. A reasonably flexible deviation renders education more feasible for the student, remains acceptable to the lecturer and can be justified to fellow students and the educational institution. The student must ask for the opinion of the Study Guidance Centre (SBC) or the Top-tier Sports and Study Department, which in turn will send, based on a professional certificate and an interview with a SBC student psychologist, a reasoned request to the lecturer, under the responsibility of the Dean. A decision to refuse the requested deviation may be justified on the basis of the institution being of the opinion that the requested deviations would compromise the possibility of achieving the essential study outcomes of the programme. As set out in article 154, students with disabilities may lodge an appeal against the refusal of a requested deviation.
§2. The aim is always to come to a workable arrangement through dialogue. If problems arise during the dialogue, the faculty ombudsperson may be asked to intervene.

Section 6: Paid educational leave (BEV) and leave of absence for training purposes

Article 92

Students who combine work and study may enrol as working students. The criteria for eligibility, how to enrol and the nature of the special educational activities available to working students are listed here:

To be entitled to paid educational leave (BEV), students must have their attendance lists signed by their respective lecturers after each lecture they have attended. Students must submit their attendance lists on a quarterly basis to OWSA at the latest on:
- the last Friday before the winter break (for first semester programme units);
- the last Friday before the Easter holiday (for second semester programme units and full year programme units);
- 30 June (for second semester programme units and full year programme units).

Students enrolled with an examination contract with a view to obtaining a diploma and entitled to paid educational leave (BEV), must provide their employers with proof that they have actually sat the examinations concerned. Since OWSA can provide valid proof, students must provide OWSA with a copy of the list of their results and the dates of the examinations concerned:
- by the first day on which the lectures in the second semester start (first examination period in January);
- by the last Friday following the closing of the first examination period (first examination period in June);
- by the last Friday before the start of the new academic year (second examination period).

Students enrolled with a diploma contract and who take paid educational leave for the second examination period must provide their employers with proof that they have actually sat the exams of the second examination period. Since the OWSA can provide valid proof, students must provide OWSA with a copy of the list of their results and the dates of the examinations concerned:
- by the last Friday before the start of the new academic year.

To be entitled to leave of absence for training purposes (OVR), students must have their attendance lists signed by their respective lecturers after each lecture they have attended. Students must submit their attendance lists to OWSA by 31 May.
Chapter VI. Teaching evaluation

Article 93
All academic courses, except doctoral training programmes and postgraduates, are assessed by students on an annual basis. The aim is to optimise the teaching process and to detect, or possibly remedy, any problems with the teaching process; secondly, the teaching evaluation serves as a general satisfaction survey on the quality of the teaching provided.

Article 94
The teaching assessment is a standard survey for each programme unit and relates to satisfaction with the following aspects: targets, content, guidance, programme material and evaluation forms. The survey also looks at satisfaction with the teaching abilities of the lecturer(s) related to the programme unit. In addition to this programme unit-specific survey, the experience of the time spent in study is gauged.

At the end of the second semester, students at the end of their bachelor’s degree and at the end of their master’s degree will be asked regarding their satisfaction with aspects of the tuition (programme structure and competences).

In the general satisfaction evaluation, students will be surveyed regarding their satisfaction with VUB-wide services and services organised by the faculty.

Article 95
§1. The teaching evaluation is semester-based, i.e. it is conducted twice a year immediately following the first and second semester.

§2. The periods in which teaching evaluation is organised are indicated each year in the academic calendar.

Article 96
§1. The teaching evaluation is done electronically through an intranet page not accessible to third parties. Students gain access through an individual login and password.

§2. The academic authorities shall take the necessary steps to safeguard the anonymity of the students taking part in the survey.
Article 97

In order to obtain representative data, participation is mandatory for all students. The obligation is to register on the intranet page concerned, not to fill in the survey itself. Registration is done by logging in with the VUB email account’s username and password of the VUB e-mail account.

Article 98

§1. All survey results are reported following each semester’s assessment by the academic authorities using the Official Results Site for Academic Staff and Students.

§2. Evaluation results per lecturer and per programme unit are reported to the lecturers concerned (who may consult these results using their personal password), to the Dean of the faculty concerned, the Chairman of the study programme committee concerned and to the Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs. The results of study programmes linked to the Institute for European Studies are submitted to the Academic Director. The results of course units linked to the teacher training programme are submitted to the Chairman of the Interfaculty Department for Teacher Training (IDLO). The overall results are accessible to all members of the VUB community, including students.

§3. The results for individual lecturers are reported as soon as at least three students have actively taken part in the evaluation of a programme unit.

Article 99

§1. The overall results include bar charts representing the average level of satisfaction for each programme evaluated, based on all the assessment aspects indicated in article 94, as well as participation figures, perceived study time and the results of the study programme evaluation and the general satisfaction evaluation.

§2. For each aspect (aims, content, material, guidance and evaluation methods) and for each lecturer, a value will be generated. The results of the evaluation are not definitive ratings but indications from the student group about the quality of the instruction provided. A monitoring alert occurs if the 34th percentile is 5 or lower (on a scale of 10). A valid results sheet will be generated when at least three students have actively taken part in an evaluation of the programme unit or lecturer.

Article 100

§1. Follow-up action if problems are signalled becomes mandatory as soon as at least three students have actively taken part in the evaluation of a programme unit.
§2. Each monitoring alert shall be the subject of the following formal monitoring procedure:

- For the first monitoring alert, the lecturers/assistants concerned will sit together with the Chairman of the Education Council (they may also choose to invite an education expert from the Department of Educational Affairs). They will set-up an action plan (if this has not already been done) and submit this to the Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs (for information) and to the Dean of the faculty.
- For a second (successive) monitoring alert, the lecturers/assistants concerned will sit together with Chairman of the Education Council, the Dean and an education expert from the Department of Educational Affairs. During this discussion, the previous action plan will be reviewed, remedial action will be looked at and, where appropriate, the action plan will be adjusted or thoroughly revised.
- For a third (successive) monitoring alert, the Dean, Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs, lecturer, Chairman of the Education Council and education expert will examine how the previous action plans were monitored. In light of this monitoring, specific measures will be taken, depending on the efforts made by the lecturer(s), and the context of the alert.
TITLE III. – Examination regulations

Chapter I. - Organisation of examinations

Article 101 (Preliminary examinations)

§1. Preliminary examinations may only be held for full year programme units which form part of the first year of a full-time standard study path in a bachelor’s programme during the first set of examinations of the first examination period.

§2. The faculties shall determine the necessary procedure guidelines in their supplementary faculty teaching and examination regulations.

§3. The manner in which the results are incorporated into the end results for the programme unit in question shall be included in the course description.

Article 102 (Number of examination opportunities)

§1. Students are entitled to two examination opportunities during the academic year to obtain a credit certificate for each programme unit for which they are enrolled. Depending on the nature of a programme unit, the number of examination opportunities (also at the level of any component part of an examination) may be limited to one. This must be indicated in the course unit description.

§2. Under no circumstances may students present themselves more than twice within the same academic year for the same examinations or component parts of an examination.

Article 103 (Partial or continuous assessment)

§1. As regards programme units which consist of several study activities, every faculty may opt to assess the competencies associated with these activities separately. The information provided to students shall relate, at the very least, to the following aspects:

• a description of the various study activities;
• the percentage share of the various study activities in the final examination score;
• the types of assessment and when assessment takes place, i.e. assessment outside examination periods;
• the possibility that individual assessment results may be announced to students;
• the possibility that individual assessment results may also be included in the second examination period scores.
§2. The procedures under §1 shall be announced before the start of the academic year as part of the course descriptions.

Article 104  (Retaking examinations)

§1. Programme unit examinations taken in the first set of examinations of the first examination period may not be retaken until the second examination period.

§2. For students who take part in international exchange programmes, the procedures for retaking examinations are outlined in the agreement with the partner institution. The Dean may only give permission in exceptional circumstances to students who have not obtained a credit certificate for a programme unit, followed at another foreign institution for higher education, to take an examination in the second examination period of the same academic year at the VUB for the equivalent VUB programme unit.

Article 105  (Scheduling of examinations)

§1. Examinations may not be scheduled on Sundays or public or academic holidays.

§2. Except for reflex students, no preliminary or other examinations may be held outside the periods specified in article 6 §1. If a public holiday occurs during an examination period, the relevant examination period shall then start on the Saturday of the preceding pre-examinations study week.

§3. For international students, students participating in international exchange programmes, as well as for students enrolled in study programmes of an interuniversity nature, any decision to make an exception shall be taken by the competent faculty authorities and set out in the Supplementary Faculty Teaching and Examination Regulations document.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 105§3

The request for derogation must be submitted in accordance with the procedure described on the faculty MY.VUB website and at the latest on the following dates:
- first examination period, first session: December 1st
- additional examination period, first session: March 15th
- second examination period, first session: May 1st
- second session: July 15th
§4. In exceptional circumstances, such as those referred to in § 3, teaching activities will not be suspended.

Article 106  (Examination schedule)

§1. The preliminary examination schedule for the first set of examinations of both the first and second examination period is posted at least fourteen weeks before the examinations start on official notice boards and/or communicated by e-mail to students’ VUB e-mail addresses. For the second examination period, this time-span is reduced to four weeks. The above-mentioned provision applies only to programme units for which the Vrije Universiteit Brussel is responsible.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 106 §1

The examination schedules are published on the faculty MY.VUB website. Students will be notified of this at their VUB e-mail address.

The examination schedules for the postgraduate programmes of the Brussels Diplomatic Academy will be published no later than four weeks before the start of the examination period concerned. Students will be notified by e-mail.

§2. In determining the examination schedule, the standard study path is taken as a basis. Students who have multiple examinations at the same time, either by deviating from the model course, or through a combined enrollment, or the optional course, will sit the examination that comes first in the standard study path or the examination for the mandatory programme unit (rather than elective programme units). For the examinations from other programme units, the student can ask whether a new examination time can be arranged within the relevant examination period. The procedure for requesting the rescheduling of an examination is outlined in the faculty regulations. This procedure stipulates that the student has a period of at least 3 calendar days to notify of an overlap in their examination schedule. For the first and second examination periods of the first session, the examination schedule shall be finalised four weeks before the commencement of the relevant examination period. The examination schedule for the second session shall be finalised two weeks before the commencement of the examination period.

In determining the examination schedule based on the study path, attention is paid to spreading out students’ efforts. It is recommended that faculties, as much as possible organisationally, spread out examinations to ensure that examinations are not held on consecutive days, unless they concern several assessments associated with one and the same programme unit.
Additional faculty regulations by Article 106 §2

The overlap must be reported in accordance to the procedure described on the faculty MY.VUB website and no later than the following dates:
- first examination period, first session: December 1st
- second examination period, first session: May 1st
- second session: July 15th

§3. The timetable and order in which students must present themselves for an examination is established by the faculty Administrative Secretary or by an administrative staff member appointed by the Dean. The faculty ombudsperson may, at his request or following a complaint, be involved in drawing up the definitive examination schedule.

§4. Any change to the examination schedule brought about by the institution after it was made public must be communicated personally and without delay to the affected students through their VUB e-mail addresses. Any changes may not result in examinations taking place earlier than previously announced.

§5. Implementation of this article falls under the aegis of the faculty Dean.

Chapter II. - Equal opportunities

Article 107 (Inclusion)

§1. All educational activities must be open to everyone. Every student must be given equal opportunities. This may call for a reasonable degree of flexibility (in terms of compliance with the criteria for feasibility, acceptability and justifiability) in granting deviations for individual students under specific circumstances. A reasonably flexible deviation is a one that does not involve a disproportionate burden. A reasonably flexible deviation renders examinations more feasible for the student, remains acceptable to the lecturer and can be justified to fellow students and the educational institution. The student must ask for the opinion of the Study Guidance Centre (SBC) or the Top Sports and Study Department, which in turn sends, based on a professional certificate and an interview with an SBC student psychologist, a duly motivated request to the lecturer, under the responsibility of the Dean. A decision to refuse the requested derogation may be justified on the basis of the institution being of the opinion that the requested derogations would compromise the possibility of achieving the essential learning outcomes of the programme. As set out in article 154, students with disabilities may lodge an appeal against the refusal of a requested derogation.

§2. Reflex students address their requests for reasonable flexible deviations by bearing in mind the following deadlines to the SBC:
- first set of examinations, first examination period: 1 December
- second set of examinations, first examination period: 1 May
- second examination period: 15 July.

§3. The aim is always to come to a workable arrangement through dialogue. If problems arise during the dialogue, the faculty ombudsperson may be asked to intervene.

Chapter III. - Taking examinations

Article 108 (Taking examinations)

§1. Students may only sit examinations if they are properly enrolled for the academic year concerned and if their names appear on the examination list for the relevant programme unit. The examination list mentions all students who are registered for the relevant programme unit. One exception to this is taking part in a written examination held at a time when the faculty secretariat is closed. Where that is the case, students who are not on the list will be admitted to the examination provisionally. If it turns out that the students are not properly enrolled, the examination will not be valid.

§2. Proper enrolment for examinations is entirely dependent upon submission of the requisite certificates at the time of enrolment and full payment of the tuition fees.

§3. Until suspension is revoked, the student who is suspended under article 65 §3 is not entitled to benefit from teaching activities and all examinations taken or to be taken shall be deemed null and void. Any examination scores already awarded shall be invalid.

§4. If a student’s name does not appear on the examination list for a particular programme unit and the student is convinced he should nevertheless be admitted to the examination, he must immediately notify the faculty secretariat. The student will be notified as to whether he can sit the examination no later than the first working day after the date on which the student notified the faculty secretariat.

Article 109 (Taking examinations - faculty criteria)

§1. Without prejudice to the provisions of article 108, the faculties shall determine the conditions under which students are granted admission or refusal to sit examinations. These rules must be announced to students at the beginning of the academic year and be included in the supplementary faculty regulations.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 109 §1

Special conditions for admission or refusal are mentioned in the official course description.
§2. Students who are refused admission shall be informed in writing of the Dean’s decision stating the reasons for the refusal, at the latest two weeks before the start of the examination period, or alternatively two weeks before the end of the normal period of lectures. A copy of the decision shall be sent to the faculty ombudsperson. Students may apply to the appeal body against the decision, as set out in article 152, provided they do so within seven calendar days of receipt of the decision.

Article 110  (Sitting examinations in the second examination period)

Notwithstanding the provisions of article 108 and article 109, students are automatically registered for the second examination period for all the course units for which they did not obtain credits during the first examination period, except where a deviation is permitted.

Chapter IV. - Examination proceedings

Article 111  (Force majeure)

§1. Students shall strictly observe the timetable and location set for an examination. In the event of circumstances beyond their control, students may ask for an examination to be rescheduled, provided that the necessary proof can be produced. Any force majeure event and request to reschedule an examination, must be reported by the student in writing by e-mail to the faculty secretariat by the date of the examination. To this end, the student must duly and correctly complete the appropriate form. The faculties shall indicate in their faculty regulations where the form can be obtained.

The original documents substantiating the force majeure event must be submitted to the faculty secretariat within three calendar days of the date on which the examination took place and, if or where applicable, by the new date for the examination given in the new examination schedule.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 111 §1

Force majeure must be reported in accordance to the procedure described on the faculty MY.VUB website.

Subsequent situations are in any case recognized as force majeure:

1) Sickness (supported by a medical certificate that fulfills the conditions laid down in Article 112);
2) The passing of a relative with parentage or affinity up to the second degree.

§2. The examiner shall decide whether a re-scheduled examination is organisationally possible during the same examination period, and in the event of a positive decision shall set a new examination schedule. The new examination schedule may be coupled with a change to the examination method, as decided by the Dean.
The starting point for drawing up the new examination schedule is defined in Article 106 §2.

For organizational reasons, in principal only 1 rescheduling for each course during the same examination period/session is possible.

§3. In exceptional circumstances, the Dean may decide to extend the set of examinations/the examination period.
The decision shall be reported to the student within 3 calendar days of receipt of the request to re-schedule the examination.

§4. Examiners shall strictly observe the timetable and location set for an examination. In cases where the examiner is absent and fails to submit notice of that absence, the examination arrangement shall be cancelled after a one-hour waiting period. Students must report these circumstances without delay to the Dean who, without prejudice to the provisions of article 106 §4 and following consultation with the students concerned, shall draw up a new examination arrangement.

Article 112 (Medical certificates)
If the substantiating document referred to in article 111 is a medical certificate, it will not be accepted if it is:
- an incomplete certificate or certificate containing contradictory information;
- a “dixit” certificate (a doctor’s certificate based on a patient’s claim of ill health rather than being based on a medical examination or diagnosis);
- a “post factum” certificate (which is issued after an illness or when the medical consequences of an accident are no longer apparent). A medical certificate must be issued on the first day of an illness or accident.

Article 113 (Replacement examiner)
§1. An examination is held by the lecturer responsible for a programme unit or by the person who, as a replacement lecturer, has taught the programme unit in question in that year. The examiner shall keep an attendance list of all the students who have taken an examination with him.

§2. In the event of force majeure or a legitimate cause for the absence of the examiner, the Dean will decide on the replacement of the examiner and on the appointment of a replacement examiner. As far as reasonably possible, the examiner may address a reasoned request to the Dean to be wholly or partially relieved of his assignment as an examiner. In the event of force majeure and if thoroughly justified, the decision to appoint a replacement examiner may be coupled with a change to the examination method.
The Dean nominates a replacement examiner, being an independent academic staff member (“ZAP”) or a doctoral assistant.

§3. In the event of a blood relationship or kinship to the fourth degree, or in the case of personal involvement between a student and an examiner, the Dean shall, in consultation with the Chairman of the Examination Board, appoint an alternative examiner. Where this is the case, the examiner must apply to the Dean for a replacement to be appointed before the start of the examination periods.

Article 114  (Public nature of examinations, right to inspect and feedback)

§1. All preliminary and other examinations are open and accessible to the public. They are held by the lecturers responsible for the programme units in a room belonging to the university. In exceptional circumstances and with the approval by the Dean, a different examination location may be agreed.

§2. Every student may request the presence of an observer. A reasoned request to this end must be submitted in writing to the Chairman of the Examination Board two weeks before the date of the examination at the latest (expiry date). The role of observer may not be filled by a student who is due to be examined by the examiner concerned in the same academic year, nor by a relative up to the fourth degree of kinship or any person with whom the student in question has a personal relationship.

§3. The public nature of written preliminary and other examinations is guaranteed by allowing students to inspect copies of the examination papers after each examination period for a period of five days following the announcement of the results in accordance with article 145 of these regulations. The request for an appointment should be given within three calendar days following the announcement of the results in accordance with article 145 of these regulations.

Each faculty determines in its Supplementary Faculty Teaching and Examinations Regulations how this right is organised.

The examiner shall retain the written copies for 1 year.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 114 §2

The request for an appointment must be sent by e-mail to the lecturer of the course concerned.
§4. With a view to obtaining evidence-based educational guidance, the student may ask for a clarification of the results of mid-term and final examinations within five calendar days of announcement of the results (expiry date).

Article 115  (Examination format)
§1. Examinations are either oral or written.

§2. An optional oral examination is only possible for programme units that are part of the first year of the full-time standard study path for a bachelor’s programme.

Article 116  (Deviation from the examination format)
§1. By the below deadlines at the latest (expiry dates), a student may apply to the Chairman of the Examination Board asking for a deviation from the examination format proposed for one or more programme units, provided there are serious grounds for doing so:
- first set of examinations, first examination period: 1 December
- second set of examinations, first examination period: 1 May
- second examination period: 15 July.

In exceptional circumstances, it may be decided to deviate from this deadline and/or the types of grounds permissible.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 116 §1

In exceptional circumstances, the examination form of courses for which no lecturer was appointed at the start of the academic year by the competent body of the University, can still be modified. In said case, the newly appointed lecturer must to complete the course description and submit it to the dean, no later than 1 month after appointment.

§2. The Chairman of the Examination Board shall inform the Dean and the lecturer(s) responsible for the programme units concerned if a deviation is granted.

Article 117  (Fill in details)
The student is responsible for correctly and completely filling in their personal and administrative details relating to the examination. If identification of the student is not possible, the lecturer of the programme unit may decide to record the student as being absent.

Article 118  (Irregularities)
§1. If an academic staff member suspects a student of having committed an irregularity during a preliminary or other examination, or different form of assessment, he reports this to the Dean in writing without delay. When an examiner, or other individual with supervisory authority, notes that a student is involved in irregular activities during an exam, they will inform the student

Teaching and Examination Regulations, approved by the Academic Council of 19 June 2017.
accordingly and may interrupt the ongoing examination of the student in question, and where applicable, confiscate the contested material and previously produced copy.

§2. An irregularity is defined as any behaviour by a student in a programme unit which renders, or attempts to render, partially or wholly impossible a proper assessment of the student’s own knowledge, understanding and/or skills or those of other students. Plagiarism is also an irregularity in the context of this article. Plagiarism means the use of other people’s phrasing, adapted or otherwise, without careful acknowledgement of sources as well as any form of fraud that is a violation of scientific integrity. Plagiarism may relate to various forms of products including text, images, music, databases, structure, lines of thought, ideas. For the application of these regulations, borrowing one's own work without proper quotation of source is also considered an irregularity. The VUB reserves the right to check for plagiarism using any means it deems appropriate for this purpose.

§3. If the suspicion is substantiated, the (vice-)Dean will decide, possibly after consultation with the Chairman of the Examination Board, whether disciplinary action is to be taken against the student. This decision shall be communicated to the student by registered mail or given by hand with signature for receipt. The student may continue to take examinations pending the (vice-)Dean's decision.

§4. The student involved has a right to be heard prior to any decision being taken. The faculty Ombudsperson will be invited to attend. The student has the right to consult his file and may be assisted during the hearing by legal counsel.

§5. (A combination of) the following disciplinary sanctions may be taken by the (vice-)Dean:
- awarding zero points for the examination or paper of the given programme unit or part thereof;
- exclusion from the examination period: awarding no points for any examinations in an examination period;
- exclusion from the first and second set of examinations of the first examination period: no points are awarded for any examinations of either examinations of the first examination period;
- rejection: the student can no longer sit examinations during the current academic year. He may not re-enrol until the following academic year at the earliest and loses all scores already obtained in the examination period in dispute;
- exclusion from the institution: termination of the student's enrolment for the current academic year with immediate effect and being prohibited from (re)enrolling for a following academic year;
- prohibition from (re-)enrolling for multiple academic years.

The (vice-)Dean will decide on a case by case basis, taking into account the gravity of the offence, whether the sanction will also be applicable to other programmes for which the student may have enrolled.

Teaching and Examination Regulations, approved by the Academic Council of 19 June 2017.
§6. In determining the gravity of the offence and the punishment imposed, the following aspects, among others, are taken into account:
- the nature and scale of the irregularity/plagiarism committed;
- the student's experience;
- whether or not the deceit was intentional.

§7. The student may submit an appeal to the Chairman of the appeal body concerned within seven calendar days (deadline which starts from the date after the date of notification of the decision). The internal appeals procedure leads to one of the following outcomes:
- a reasoned dismissal of the appeal by the Chairman of the appeal body on the grounds that it is inadmissible;
- a reasoned decision by the appeal body, reached in special session, which confirms or overturs the original decision.

The student has the right to be heard in this regard.

§8. In the event of an appeal, the (vice-)Dean’s decision, as specified in § 5 of this article, shall be deferred until the appeal body has reached its decision on the irregularity established.

§9. The decision pursuant to §7 shall be communicated to the student concerned within fifteen calendar days from the day after the date on which the appeal was filed. The decision shall be communicated to the Rector and the central Ombudsperson.

§10. An appeal against the decision taken pursuant to §7 may be brought before the Council for Disputes about Decisions on Study Progress, as laid down in article 155.

**Article 119 (Work placement termination)**

§1. If a student has demonstrated through his conduct that he is ill-suited to exercise the profession to which the training he is taking is directed, the work placement may be terminated early.

§2. If this is confirmed by the facts, the Dean shall decide, where appropriate following consultation with the Chairman of the Examination Board, whether or not to terminate the work placement early. The grounds for the decision to terminate the work placement early must be set out in detail. This decision shall be communicated to the student by registered mail. Pending a decision by the Dean, the student may pursue the work placement.
§3. The student is entitled to a hearing before the decision is taken. The faculty Ombudsperson will be invited to attend. The student has the right to consult his file and may be assisted during the hearing by legal counsel.

§4. The student may submit an appeal to the Chairman of the appeal board concerned within seven calendar days (deadline which starts from the date after the date of notification of the decision). The internal appeals procedure leads to one of the following outcomes:
- a reasoned dismissal of the appeal by the Chairman of the appeal body concerned on the grounds that it is inadmissible;
- a reasoned decision by the appeal body, reached in special session, which confirms or overturns the original decision.

The student has the right to be heard in this regard.

§5. The decision pursuant to §4 shall be communicated to the student concerned within fifteen calendar days from the day after the date on which the appeal was filed. The decision shall be communicated to the Rector and the central Ombudsperson.

§6. An appeal against the decision taken pursuant to §4 may be brought before the Council for Disputes about Decisions on Study Progress, as set out in article 155.

§7. If the internship commences before the start of the academic year for which the student has enrolled for the internship, it shall only commence if the student qualifies for (re-) enrolment for the course, and the units thereof, at the start of the academic year. An internship that is inconsistent with the study progress monitoring measures taken for the student concerned will be stopped immediately.

§8. If the student's enrolment is suspended during the internship period, the internship will be stopped immediately. If the suspension is lifted, the student may ask to resume the internship.

Chapter V. – Master's thesis

Article 120  (Subject, supervisor, assessors)

§1. A master’s thesis is a compulsory part of any master’s programme. Regarding master’s theses, individual faculties shall determine, in their supplementary faculty teaching and examination regulations document, when students are to provide the Dean with the following:
- the subject of their master’s thesis;
- the signature of their master’s thesis’ supervisor approving the subject;
- an outline of the objective and method, as appropriate.
Additional faculty regulations by Article 120 §1

The administrative procedures for the master’s thesis are done digitally in the ‘Master Thesis Information System’ (MaThIS).

The student applies for a subject and supervisor no later than:

- December 1st of the graduation year, or
- November 1st of the graduation year if the student, in accordance with Article 132, wishes to graduate at the end of the first examination period,

Exceptionally students may still be allowed to submit their master’s thesis for the second examination session if a subject and supervisor is applied for in MaThIS no later than March 1st.

The supervisor’s approval is granted via MaThIS.

If a subject and supervisor is not applied for in time, the submission date of the master thesis will automatically be postponed to the next submission date.

The master’s thesis is written in the language of the programme. In Dutch-language programmes the master’s thesis may be written in English or French, subject to the approval of the supervisor.

§2. A list of master’s theses giving the subjects and supervisors must be submitted for approval before the start of the winter break. The competent body must be designated in the supplementary faculty teaching and examination regulations. Apart from the thesis supervisor at least one assessor will be appointed by the faculty; the due date for such appointments will be set out in the supplementary faculty teaching and examinations regulations document.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 120 §2

The chairman and secretary of the Study Programme Committee concerned assess the subjects submitted and appoint at least 1 assessor no later than May 31st or, for students who in accordance with Article 132 wish to graduate at the end of the first examination period, no later than December 31st.

§3. A thesis supervisor must be an independent academic member of staff (“ZAP”), a postdoctoral research assistant or a visiting professor or another member of the academic staff who is the holder of a doctorate. As a general rule, assessors are members of academic staff from within the VUB. The faculty may decide to appoint one external expert as assessor.
Article 121  (Changes)

§1. Subject changes, a change in supervisor at the student’s initiative or dereliction of duty on the part of the supervisor must be reported, together with the reasons therefor, to the Dean in writing. This must be accompanied by the reasons given.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 121 §1

Any change must be requested by the student at least 2 months before the submission date of the master’s thesis, in accordance with the procedure described on the faculty MY.VUB page.

§2. In accordance with the provisions of article 120, save as regards any deadlines set, a new subject shall be chosen and/or another supervisor appointed.

Article 122  (Supervisor guidance)

The thesis supervisor shall regularly provide guidance to the student and the student shall regularly inform the supervisor of progress regarding the research. In the event of non-observance, a student or a supervisor may report this circumstance to the Dean in writing. The Dean shall subsequently come to a decision, which may lead to a change in supervisor or termination of a supervisor’s duties vis-à-vis a student, and shall report this circumstance to the authorised faculty body.

Article 123  (Submission date)

Each year, by 15 August of the calendar year in which the academic year is due to commence, the faculty shall determine the dates for submission of master’s theses. A master’s thesis must be submitted electronically and on paper in a minimum of three and a maximum of ten copies.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 123

For the first examination session, the master’s thesis must be submitted no later than the last Monday before the start of the pre-exam study week. For the Bedrijfskunde and Management programmes this must be done no later than the first Monday of the pre-exam study week.

For the second examination session, the master’s thesis must be no later than the last Monday of the second week preceding the start of the second examination session.

Students who, in accordance with Article 132, wish to graduate at the end of the first examination period, must submit the master’s thesis no later than the last Monday before the winter holiday.

If the last submission day is on a public holiday, the deadline will be postponed to the next working day.

Teaching and Examination Regulations, approved by the Academic Council of 19 June 2017.
The master’s thesis is submitted in 3 copies. For the Politieke Wetenschappen and Sociologie programmes 4 copies must be submitted.

The master’s thesis must be submitted to the department secretariat before 12:00 (noon). A receipt will be issued upon submission.

**Article 124  (Submission format)**

§1. The master’s thesis must be submitted both in paper format and in electronic form. It shall be determined in the supplementary faculty regulations whether a master’s thesis should be accompanied by a summary, in publishable form, as well as an abstract to be included in the common listings of theses published in Belgian specialist journals.

**Additional faculty regulations Article 124 §1**

The student is exempted from the summary and the abstract for inclusion in the usual listings of theses published in Belgian journals.

Students are obliged to upload the master’s thesis on the anti-plagiarism server indicated by the faculty and to provide the printed proof of this when submitting the paper copies to the department secretariat.

§2. The supplementary faculty regulations may stipulate, in extraordinary circumstances, that a master’s thesis cannot be published.

**Additional faculty regulations Article 124 §2**

Exceptions may be justified, amongst others, on the basis of a Non Disclosure Agreement (NDA), signed by the dean. In said case the complete text (with the confidential information) is only provided to the supervisor and assessor(s) and, in addition, a still publishable version (without confidential information, but with reasons for the confidential nature of the information at the relevant locations in the original document) must submitted to the department secretariat.

§3. Responsibility for showing that their research materials are authentic lies with the students.

**Additional faculty regulations Article 124 §3**

All the original research material must remain available and must be submitted immediately at the Dean’s office upon request in the event of a dispute. In addition, it must be composed in a clear and comprehensible manner.
Article 125 (Assessment)

§1. Without prejudice to the provisions of §2, a supervisor and assessors shall discuss and assess a master’s thesis.

§2. If the regulations do not call for a public oral thesis defence, students are allowed access, on request, to their supervisor’s and assessors’ reasoned report and the proposed exam mark. On the basis of the report, students may decide to request a public oral defense of their thesis before the supervisor and assessors concerned.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 125 §2

The proposed examination mark will be announced to the student via MaThIS. Students who wish to do so may submit a request to the departmental secretariat, within three calendar days after the announcement of the result, to defend the master’s thesis orally.

§3. On the basis of a reasoned report, a public oral thesis defense may be imposed on the student concerned.

§4. If all students are required to conduct a public oral thesis defense, the supplementary faculty regulations shall specify whether the student is to receive a qualitative assessment prior to the defense.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 125 §4

If an oral thesis defense is compulsory, the student will receive the reports of the supervisor and assessor(s) at least three calendar days before the oral defense. The supervisor (or another member of the committee) communicates the examination mark at the end of the deliberation.

An oral defense is compulsory for the programmes MSc in de Politieke Wetenschappen, MSc in de Sociologie, MSc in de Toegepaste Economische Wetenschappen, MSc in de Toegepaste Economische Wetenschappen: Handelsingenieur, MSc in Business Engineering: Business & Technology and MSc in International Business.
§5. The supplementary faculty regulations may set out a procedure to deviate from the public nature of the oral defense. The decision to abolish the public nature of the defense must at all times be justified by extraordinary circumstances.

**Additional faculty regulations by Article 125 §5**

If a master’s thesis contains confidential information, the chairman of the study programme committee may, at the request of the supervisor, provide in a procedure to deviate from the public nature of the oral defense.

§6. The supplementary faculty regulations may establish a procedure for replacing a supervisor or assessor who cannot attend the oral defense due to circumstances beyond his control.

**Article 126  (Reports)**

The reports drawn up by supervisors and assessors shall be made available to the members of the Examination Board three calendar days before the day on which the examiners’ meeting is due to take place.

**Article 127  (Supervision by several institutions)**

If a master’s thesis is supervised jointly by two or more institutions, the procedures governing the joint supervision shall be specified in their co-operation agreement.

**Chapter VI. - Examination board**

**Article 128  (Examination board)**

For all bachelor’s and master’s courses, bridging and preparatory programmes, the teacher training programme and postgraduate programmes, an Examination Board shall be set up for the programme in its entirety.

**Article 129  (Composition)**

§1. Prior to the start of the academic year, the authorised faculty body shall determine the composition of the examination boards *ad nominatim*. It shall also determine whether there are alternates.
Additional faculty regulations by Article 129 §1

Unless decided otherwise by the Faculty Council for a specific academic year, the following composition applies to the examination board:

- The dean (chairman);
- The academic secretary (secretary);
- The chairmen of the study programme committees.

Substitutes may act:

- The dean and academic secretary are replaced by the deputy dean;
- The chairman of the study programme committee is replaced by the secretary of the study programme committee concerned.

If the chairman or secretary of the Social Sciences study programme committee is not associated with the VUB in the main order, the competent faculty body may deviate from the above mentioned composition of the examination board.

For the BSc in Social Sciences, the examination board will be expanded with 3 voting members of Ghent University.

§2. The composition of an examination board shall be representative and comprise at least six independent academic members of staff (“ZAP”) who are qualified to vote, unless the total number of examiners is lower. For a valid decision to be reached about a student, a minimum of half of the board members must take part in the deliberations.

§3. Faculty ombudspersons cannot be a member of an examination board with a right to vote. If an ombudsperson would like to participate in the examination board as a voting member, he will have to be replaced by their faculty replacement during the deliberation process. To this end, the faculties shall incorporate appropriate rules in their supplementary faculty teaching and examination regulations.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 129 §3

The ombudsperson never participates as a voting member.

Article 130  (Chairman and secretary)

§1. Prior to the start of the academic year, the authorised faculty body shall appoint a chairman and a secretary for each examination board, as well as alternates for both positions. The Dean shall announce their names to the faculty ombudsperson.

§2. The name of the Chairman of the Examination Board shall be posted on the official notice boards throughout the academic year.

Teaching and Examination Regulations, approved by the Academic Council of 19 June 2017.
**Article 131**  (Participation in an advisory capacity)

The following persons may participate in the meetings of an Examination Board in an advisory capacity:

- the Dean, who may attend and chair all examination board meetings in his faculty;
- a master's thesis supervisor;
- the faculty ombudsperson;
- the faculty administrative secretary or administrative staff member(s) appointed by the Dean and who are responsible for preparing examiners’ meetings, as well as study path advisers.

*Chapter VII. Proceedings at deliberations and study progress based on examinations*

**Section 1: Proceedings at deliberations**

**Article 132**  (Deliberations)

Each examination board shall meet at least twice during the academic year. The first meeting will discuss the examination results from the first and second set of examinations of the first examination period. The second meeting will discuss the second examination period. It is only for students in their final year that a deliberation may be held at the end of the first set of examinations in the first examination period, in accordance with the procedures set out in the supplementary faculty teaching and examination regulations document. Students who wish to graduate at the end of the first examination period of the first examination session must submit a request to this end via Student SelfService.

**Additional faculty regulations by Article 132**

A deliberation at the end of the first examination period of the first examination session may be organised for students in a graduation year who:

1) Only have to take examinations of first semester courses; and/or
2) Only have to complete their internship, their bachelor’s and/or master’s thesis.

Students who wish to make use of this possibility, requests via the Student Self Service no later than November 1st.
Article 133  (Deliberation procedure)
The Examination Board Secretary shall record in the meeting minutes the proceedings of the Examination Board during the examiners’ meeting. The minutes, signed by the Chairman and Secretary of the Examination Board, shall be available to the Rector and the faculty Ombudsperson.

Article 134  (Attendance)
Their presence at the deliberation and the signing of the examination sheet is obligatory for all voting members of the Examination Board. Legitimate absence must be reported in advance to the Chairman of the Examination Board or the Dean.
Under exceptional circumstances, a deliberation may be held by electronic means.

Article 135  (Voting)
The Examination Board is a sovereign entity and operates as a collegial body. A decision regarding a given student must be reached by majority vote. In the event of a tied vote, the decision taken shall be in the student’s favour. Each member has one vote only, irrespective of the number of programme units examined under his aegis. Members of the Examination Board must refrain from participating in a deliberation when relatives up to the fourth degree of kinship are under discussion.
Every Examination Board member entitled to vote may request a secret vote to be held.

Article 136  (Confidentiality)
The members of the Examination Board and all those present at a deliberation by virtue of their office are bound to guarantee the confidentiality of the discussions.

Section 2: Study progress based on examinations

Article 137  (Examination results)
§1. For each programme unit one examination result is awarded. An examination result is expressed as a whole number between 0 and 20 or in the form of a non-numerical score. An examination result is calculated using the method set out in the course description.

§2. An examination result calculated as set out in §1 shall be rounded down if the decimal is < (less than) 0.5 and rounded up if the decimal is ≥ (more than or equal to) 0.5.
Article 138  (Passing a programme unit)

§1. Students shall be awarded credit certificates for each programme unit passed. The pass mark for a programme unit is 10 out of 20. A credit certificate is supplied only once, at the request of a student. Students may not relinquish a credit certificate once acquired.

§2. A credit certificate has unlimited validity for the programme and within the institution where it was acquired.

Article 139  (Study programme percentage)

§1. In order to determine the percentage for the programme in its entirety with a view to obtaining a diploma, all examination results obtained for a given programme unit under a diploma contract or examination contract shall be taken into account.

§2. Weighting of programme units shall be based on the maximum ECTS-credits available under the programme unit concerned.

§3. The percentage calculated in accordance with §1 and §2 shall be rounded down if the decimal < (less than) 0.5 and rounded up if the decimal is ≥ (more than or equal to) 0.5.

Chapter VIII. – Awarding a degree or a diploma

Article 140  (Passing a programme)

§1. A student is awarded a degree or diploma for a programme if he is declared to have successfully passed the programme as a whole.

A student will automatically be declared to have passed if he has taken all the examinations for the programme and if all those examinations resulted in credit certificates or in scores being awarded at deliberations, as set out in the provisions below.

§2. A student who has followed the first year of a full-time standard study path for a bachelor’s programme is automatically declared to have successfully passed if he sits the examinations for all the programme units for that first year; and,

1. all the examinations have resulted in a credit certificate; or,
2. if the student achieves an average of 55% and a maximum of 3 points under 10/20, spread over a maximum of 2 programme units and no figure below 8/20.

The student may, during the course of the academic year, use a second examination opportunity to retake any examination awarded an allowed unsatisfactory mark. For this, the student must submit a written request to the Faculty Secretariat within seven calendar days of the day after the results are declared. If the student declares he wants to use the second examination opportunity for an allowed unsatisfactory mark, the original result becomes irrevocably void and the new result obtained will become final. The earlier result awarded in a deliberation is then adjusted.
Article 141  (Academic level of distinction)

§1. The following levels of distinction shall be awarded with regard to bachelor's, master's and teacher's degrees:
- a student will have passed with merit if the average final result is less than 68%;
- a student will have passed with distinction (cum laude) if the average final result is 68% or higher;
- a student will have passed with great distinction (magna cum laude) if the average final result is 77% or higher;
- a student will have passed with the greatest distinction (summa cum laude) if the average final result is 85% or higher;

§2. Levels of distinction may only be awarded if a set minimum number of ECTS-credits have been obtained as part of the programme within the VUB. The minimum number of ECTS-credits for a bachelor’s programme in this respect is 60 and for a master’s programme it is at least half of the total study load.

§3. Levels of distinction may only be awarded if a minimum number of ECTS-credits have been obtained within the VUB. For the teacher training programme, the minimum number of ECTS-credits is at least half of the total study load.

Article 142  (Powers of the Examination Board)

§1. The Examination Board has the following powers:
1. to issue a non-binding recommendation on whether the student should continue his studies in light of his progress based on his examination results;
2. to alter an examination figure in the event of a material error, a serous irregularity or an apparent irrationality;
3. to determine the programme units which must be retaken;
4. to take a study progress monitoring measure in accordance with article 85.

§2. In exceptional circumstances and notwithstanding article 140, the Examination Board may declare that a student has successfully passed an entire programme. The justification must show that the objectives of the study programme have been accomplished overall. Each case must be justified separately and specifically.

The fact that a student is declared to have successfully passed overall does not mean that he is eligible for a credit certificate for the programme units which he has not passed.

If the student is declared not to have passed, he must retake all examinations awarded unsatisfactory marks.
§3. In exceptional circumstances and notwithstanding article 141, the Examination Board can determine the academic level of distinction awarded for the diploma.

§4. The Examination Board which is competent for master’s courses in medicine has the additional power to decide whether a student who has completed the first year of a full-time standard study path will be admitted to a clinical internship.

**Article 143 (Transferring several parts of the examination)**

If several teaching methods are specified in the formal part of the course unit description and these are to be assessed separately or if the course unit description states that the examination comprises several parts, then the results of the separate assessments/parts which will not (cannot) be retaken during the second examination period, will be retained unless the description specifies an alternative examination method or an alternative calculation method of the results for the following examination period.

**Article 144 (Conversion of examination results)**

If a student follows programme units at another institution, in accordance with article 88-article 90 of these regulations, the examinations for these programme units shall be taken at the time and place and in accordance with the procedures determined by the other institution. The examination results awarded by the other institution may be converted.

**Chapter IX. - Announcement of results**

**Article 145**

§1. After each set of exams, the exam results are communicated to the students in accordance with the stipulations of the supplementary faculty regulations.

§2. The results of preliminary and other exams taken in the first set of examinations of the first examination period shall be announced to students at the latest by the first day of the first teaching week of the second semester.

§3. The results of the exams taken during the second examination set of the first examination period, and the results of the exams taken during the second examination period, will be communicated to the students following the deliberation by the Examination Board in accordance with the stipulations of article 146.
Additional faculty regulations by Article 145

The results of examinations taken during the additional examination period first sitting time in accordance with article 6§3 will be announced to the students at the latest 20 calendar days after the end of this additional examination period.

Article 146

Following the deliberation, the Chairman of the Examination Board, the Dean or a member of the Examination Board appointed by them, shall announce the Examination Board decision, in accordance with the procedures set out in the supplementary faculty regulations document.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 146

The examination results and decisions of the examination board are communicated to the student via the Student Self Service.

Article 147

An individual overview of points, or an individual list of points giving the examination results per programme unit awarded by the Examination Board, a proclamation code included, shall be made available to each student through Student SelfService.
TITLE IV. Ombudspersons and appeal options

Chapter I. - Ombudspersons

Article 148 (Appointment and task description)

§1. Prior to the start of the academic year and following consultation with the Education Council, the Vice-Rector for Educational and Student Affairs shall appoint an independent academic member of staff ("ZAP") for each faculty as an ombudsperson to deal with complaints relating to examinations. Each faculty may use the same procedure to appoint a faculty alternate who may only replace the faculty ombudsperson in deliberations in which the ombudsperson acts as a voting member in accordance with article 129. Simultaneously and by the same procedure, a central ombudsperson shall be appointed, as well as a deputy. The names of the faculty ombudspersons, the central ombudsperson and his deputy shall, inter alia, be posted on the VUB website throughout the academic year, along with their contact details and office hours.

§2. The powers of a faculty ombudsperson extend to receiving students’ complaints and comments related to how teaching is organised, the examination schedule, examination proceedings, assessment of master’s theses, outcome of Examination Board meetings, announcement of results, monitoring of study progress based on examinations and the award of credit certificates. He is likewise authorised to intervene regarding any appeals lodged in application of article 153 and article 154 of this regulation.

§3. The powers of the central ombudsperson extend to receiving and dealing with students’ complaints and comments relating to how teaching is organised, the examination schedule, examination proceedings, assessment of master’s theses, outcome of Examination Board meetings, announcement of results, monitoring of study progress based on examinations and the award of credit certificates, in the event that a faculty ombudsperson is a party involved, thus compromising independence and impartiality, or in the event of absence of the faculty ombudsperson.

§4. The ombudsperson concerned (centrally or faculty-appointed) shall, at a student’s request, mediate between the student and the Dean, the Chairman of the Examination Board, members of academic staff and administrative secretaries with a view to achieving as soon as possible an amicable settlement of the complaint.

Article 149 (Reporting)

Both the central and faculty ombudspersons shall report to the Vice-Rector for Educational and Students Affairs once a year, before 15 November, with details of their activities in the previous academic year.
Chapter II. - Appeal options

Article 150  (Material mistakes)

In the event that a material mistake is established following a study progress control measure, this shall be reported formally to the Dean, within ten calendar days after the day on which the decision is taken.

After this period, a material mistake can only be corrected in the following cases:

- if the correction is to the student’s benefit,
- if the material mistake implies a breach of legal requirements,
- if the material mistake is demonstrably due to the gross negligence or serious misconduct of the student.

A mistake not resulting in a decision which is detrimental to the student shall be rectified by the Dean. The correction shall be communicated to the student involved and adequately documented within the faculty.

In the event that the decision taken is detrimental to the student, the mistake must be rectified by the body that took the original decision. If necessary, the latter will be convened by the Dean as soon as possible. The correction shall be communicated to the student involved and adequately documented within the faculty.

Article 151  (Decisions which can be appealed)

Internal and external appeals can be made against the following study progress decisions pursuant to article 153:

a) examination decision, i.e. any decision, whether or not resulting from an Examination Board meeting, entailing a final qualifying assessment for a programme unit, several programme units or a programme as a whole, in accordance with article 140-article 142 of these regulations;

b) disciplinary examination-related decision, i.e. a sanction imposed following an examination incident, as set out in article 118 of these regulations;

c) granting of an exemption, i.e. relieving a student of the obligation to take an examination in a particular programme unit or part thereof, in accordance with article 83 of these regulations;

d) decision imposing a bridging and/or preparatory programme and at the same time setting out the study load of that programme, in accordance with article 83 of these regulations;

e) imposing a study progress monitoring measure, in accordance with article 85 of these regulations;

f) refusing to include in the study contract a particular programme unit for which the student in an individual study path has not previously enrolled;

g) decision made by the board of an institution with regard to the equivalence of a foreign diploma, in accordance with article 60 of these regulations;
h) decision with regard to the refusal of enrolment based on an insufficient study account or a study account lower than or equal to 0, if not resulting from a general regulatory requirement.

Students with disabilities may lodge an internal appeal against the refusal of the adjustments requested, pursuant to article 154.

**Article 152  (Composition of the internal appeal body)**

Per faculty or per programme, an appeal body is established which is authorised to examine all internal appeals lodged against the study progress decisions listed in article 151 within the relevant faculty or programme.

The appeal body shall include at least 3 independent academic members of staff (ZAP). A chairman is appointed from among the members of the appeal body. The administrative secretary, who acts as the committee secretary, acts in an advisory capacity. The following persons, acting in an advisory capacity, shall also be invited: the faculty ombudsperson, the study path adviser, and a representative of the Rector who has expert knowledge of the teaching regulations.

In case of an internal appeal pursuant to article 151, paragraph 2, the members of the appeal body who were directly involved in the decision to refuse the requested deviations shall be replaced by their alternates.

The composition of the appeal body shall be specified in the supplementary faculty regulations.

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<th>Additional faculty regulations by Article 152</th>
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The faculty appeal committee consists of the following 3 members of the academic staff (ZAP):

- The academic secretary;
- the two additional members of the Faculty Office nominated by the dean.

The youngest member acts as Chairman.

The chairmen of the departments may act as substitutes, starting with the oldest in terms of seniority in the highest grade obtained.

The composition of this committee is announced at the start of the academic year via the faculty MY.VUB website.
Article 153  (Internal appeals procedure, excluding decisions on reasonable changes)

§1. In the event that a student or the person to whom the decision pertains is of the opinion that his rights have been infringed by a particular study progress decision, he may lodge an appeal. The appeal must be lodged within a limitation period of seven calendar days. For appeals against examination decisions, this limitation period starts on the day after the electronic communication of examination results in accordance with article 145. For other appeals, this limitation period commences on the day after announcement of the decision.

If the inspection of the manuscript is planned later than the five calendar days provided for in article 114 §3, then the appeal must likewise be lodged within the limitation period. The student shall expressly mention this in the written request and should factually substantiate their complaint within seven calendar days after the limitation period. If they fail to do so, their appeal shall automatically be considered inadmissible, to the extent that there are no other grievances and to the extent that no factual description of the invoked objection was included.

To be admissible, appeals must be filed in the form of a signed and dated application submitted by registered mail to the Chairman of the appeals body concerned.

The application must include, at the very least, the identity of the student concerned, the disputed decision(s) and a factual description and motivation of the objections invoked. To the extent that the student believes he can invoke exceptional circumstances in accordance with article 142, §2, the written request should set out the exceptional circumstances and demonstrate that the objectives of the study programme have been accomplished overall.

At the same time, the student shall send by e-mail an identical electronic version of the application for information to the e-mail address indicated in the Supplementary Faculty Regulations document. The date of the appeal is the date of the postmark of the registered mail.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 153 §1

The students sends the electronic version of the appeal by e-mail to faces@vub.ac.be

§2. The appeal will result in:
   • a reasoned dismissal of the appeal by the Chairman of the appeal body concerned on the grounds that it is inadmissible;
   • a reasoned decision by the appeal body which either confirms or alters the original decision.
During the admissibility phase, the appeal is treated by written procedure, without hearing the student. The student or the person to whom the decision pertains has a right to be heard by the body of appeal, regarding the contents of the case.

Additional faculty regulations by Article 153 §2

When a student wishes to make use of the right to be heard, he must be physically present or, if this is not possible, he can send his arguments by e-mail or letter to the Chairman of the appeal committee concerned.

§3. The decision taken pursuant to §2 shall be communicated to the student or to the person to whom the decision relates within twenty calendar days starting from the date on which the appeal was filed. Decisions are made available to the central ombudsperson upon his final request.

§4. An appeal against the decision taken pursuant to §2 may be brought before the Council for Disputes about Decisions on Study Progress, as set out in article 155.

Article 154  (Internal appeal procedure for reasonable changes)

§1. A student is entitled to lodge an internal appeal to the Dean against a decision rejecting reasonable changes for students with a disability that the student considers a breach of rights; the appeal must be filed within seven calendar days of the day after the date of notification of the decision. Both the ombudsperson of the faculty and the administrative secretary may be present.

§2. The internal appeal procedure will result in a reasoned decision that is binding for everyone within the institution. The student has the right to be heard regarding the contents of the case.

§3. The student shall be informed of the decision in accordance with §2 within twenty calendar days of the day following the date on which the appeal was filed.

Article 155  (External appeals procedure)

§1. Within seven calendar days after the date of notification of the decision under article 118 and article 153, a student may lodge an appeal with the Council for Disputes about Decisions on Study Progress (Address: Ministerie van de Vlaamse Gemeenschap, Departement Onderwijs, Raad voor Betwistingen van Studievoortgangsbeslissingen, Hendrik Consciencegebouw, Koning Albert II-laan 15, 1210 Brussels). If the seventh day is a Saturday, Sunday or national holiday, the deadline shall be extended to the first working day on which postal services are resumed. Appeals against decisions on the partial equivalence of foreign diplomas must be submitted to the Council within a period of 30 days of the day following date on which the appeal body's final decision was communicated and, at the latest, on the thirty-first day following notification of the decision in question.

Teaching and Examination Regulations, approved by the Academic Council of 19 June 2017.
In the absence of a timely decision within the deadline set in article 118 and article 153, the appeal must be lodged with the Council within seven calendar days of the expiry of this deadline, unless the internal appeal body notifies the student, before the expiry of the deadline by which the appeal body must decide, on a later date on which it will issue a decision. Persons not yet registered can lodge an appeal against a decision on the partial equivalence of diplomas or a request to obtain an exemption on the basis of previously acquired qualifications, or a certificate of aptitude, to the Council only once, if they have submitted a request of a similar nature to other institutions within a 4 year period. A second appeal of this nature shall be inadmissible.

§2. The Council, as the administrative court, shall rule on the applications submitted to it directly by students to have their study account adjusted because they were the subject of a force majeure event and the institution has not provided a new examination arrangement for them.

§3. Appeals must be lodged in the form of an application presenting, at the very least, a factual description and motivation of the objections stated. The application must be dated and shall be signed by the petitioner or his adviser, or otherwise be declared inadmissible.

§4. The application shall include:

1° the petitioner’s name and address. In the event that the address given is that of the petitioner’s adviser, this fact shall be stated in the application;
2° the name and seat of the governing body;
3° the subject of the appeal;
4° a factual description and motivation of the objections stated.

§5. The application shall be sent by registered mail to the Council for Disputes about Decisions on Study Progress. At the same time, a copy of the application shall be sent by registered mail to the governing body (the Rector or his representative). The postmark shall serve as the date of appeal.

§6. The petitioner may include in his application any pieces of evidence he considers necessary. Subsequently, the petitioner may only add supplementary pieces of evidence to the case file if these were unknown to him when the application was drawn up. If this is the case, the petitioner shall provide the governing body with a copy of the supplementary pieces of evidence without delay. The pieces of evidence shall be bound together by the petitioner and listed. In the course of the appeals procedure with the Council for Disputes about Decisions on Study Progress, the student cannot invoke new objections, unless the basis thereof were not known until during or after the finalisation of the internal appeal procedure, unless if the objection relates to the manner in which the internal appeal has been handled, or unless the objection is of public interest. If the application relates to a change to the study account, the Council can obtain information from the higher education institution concerned with a view to checking the facts presented.
§7. An application declared inadmissible may be replaced by a new petition during the term of appeal provided it states explicitly that the previous application has been withdrawn.

§8. The decision taken by the Council for Disputes about Decisions on Study Progress shall be announced within an indicated time limit of 20 calendar days of the date on which the appeal was entered in the register of incoming appeals. For appeals against a decision on the equivalence of diplomas, the decision shall be issued within an indicative time limit of thirty calendar days.
TITLE V. - Transitional and final provisions

Article 156  (Additions to and deviations from the central regulations)
§1. The authorised faculty body may suggest special provisions and criteria as stipulated in these regulations and other faculty supplementary provisions on this education and examination regulations. Faculty supplementary regulations are subject to approval by the Education Council.

§2. Deviations from the central regulations are possible with regard to Article 6 and Article 120 §2 and §3 of the education and examination regulations, on the proposal of the authorised faculty body. The faculty deviations are approved by the Education Council, and included in the supplementary faculty regulations. The Education Council always determines the duration of the permitted deviation.
For postgraduate programmes, it may be decided to depart from the provisions herein, in view of the inherent specific nature of the study programme.

§3. The Engineering Faculty may request a departure from article 129, article 140 §1 and article 141 §1 of the teaching and examination regulations for the BRUFACE master’s applying via the procedure described in §1.

§4. For students taking part in international mobility programmes, a deviation from the provisions of these regulations may be granted. The deviation decision shall be made by the Executive College.

Article 157  (Changes)
Any changes to these regulations shall be made solely by decision of the Academic Council following consultation with the Education Council.

Article 158  (Powers of the Interfaculty Teacher Training Department Faculty)
With respect to the teacher training programme, the powers assigned, under these regulations, to the Dean, shall fall to the Chairman of the Interfaculty Department for Teacher Training (IDLO). The powers assigned to the administrative secretary in these regulations shall, as far as the teacher training programme is concerned, be exercised by the general coordinator IDLO.

Article 159  (Integration of academic higher education courses)
These regulations apply in full to academic higher education course students who transfer to the university in the 2013-2014 academic year.

Article 160  (Entry into effect)
These regulations shall come into force as of the 2017-2018 academic year.

Teaching and Examination Regulations, approved by the Academic Council of 19 June 2017.